

First results on $n=1$ and $n=2$ ELM control on DIII-D & progress on JET

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Motivation

- **DIII-D made excellent progress with type I ELM control using $n=3$ fields**
 - Seems to be consistent with an edge ergodisation process
- **But a number of questions still arise:**
 - What are the physics mechanisms?
 - What levels of ergodisation is required and where?
 - How to broaden resonances and put on a more robust footing?
- **Studies with $n=1$ and $n=2$ fields may open up parameter space and also address key physics questions**
- *ITER...*



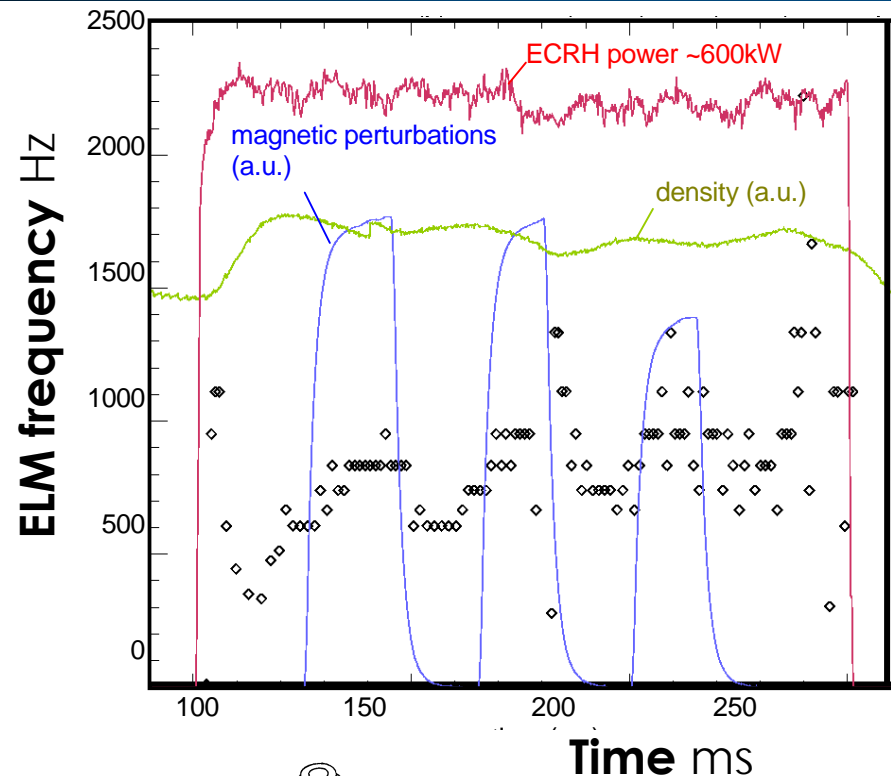
Contents

- **Background**
 - Early trials on COMPASS-D and JET highlights
- **Progress on JET**
 - New results with higher shape, AT and $n=2$
- **DIII-D experiments**
 - Modelling studies to show what's possible
 - $n=1$ results with pure I and I+C coils
 - $n=2$ complete ELM suppression?



Early COMPASS-D n=1 ELM results

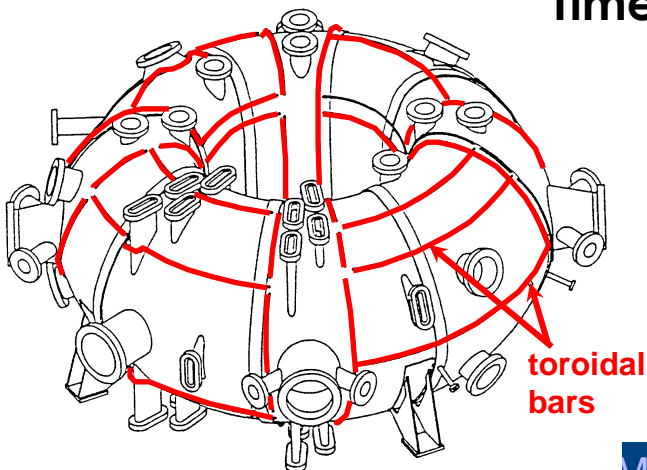
m/n	Br(G/kA)
6/1	0.4
5/1	1.0
4/1	1.5
3/1	1.2
2/1	0.2
1/1	1.7



Apply m=3,4,5:

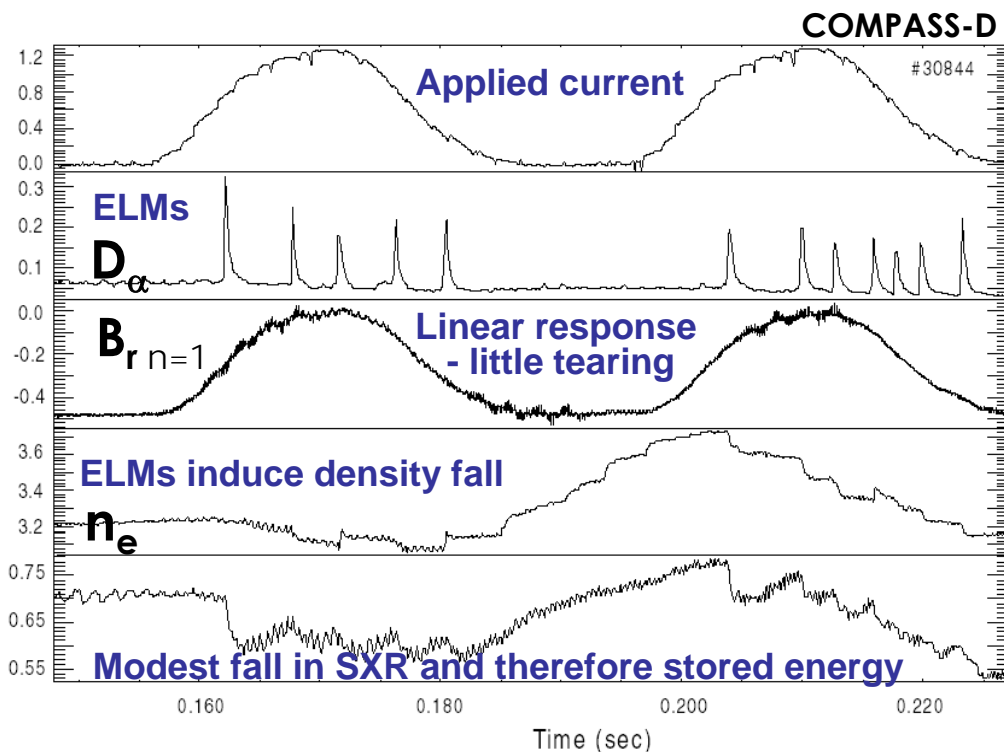
← Type III ELMs freq increase

↓ ELMs triggered in ELM free



Time ms

toroidal bars



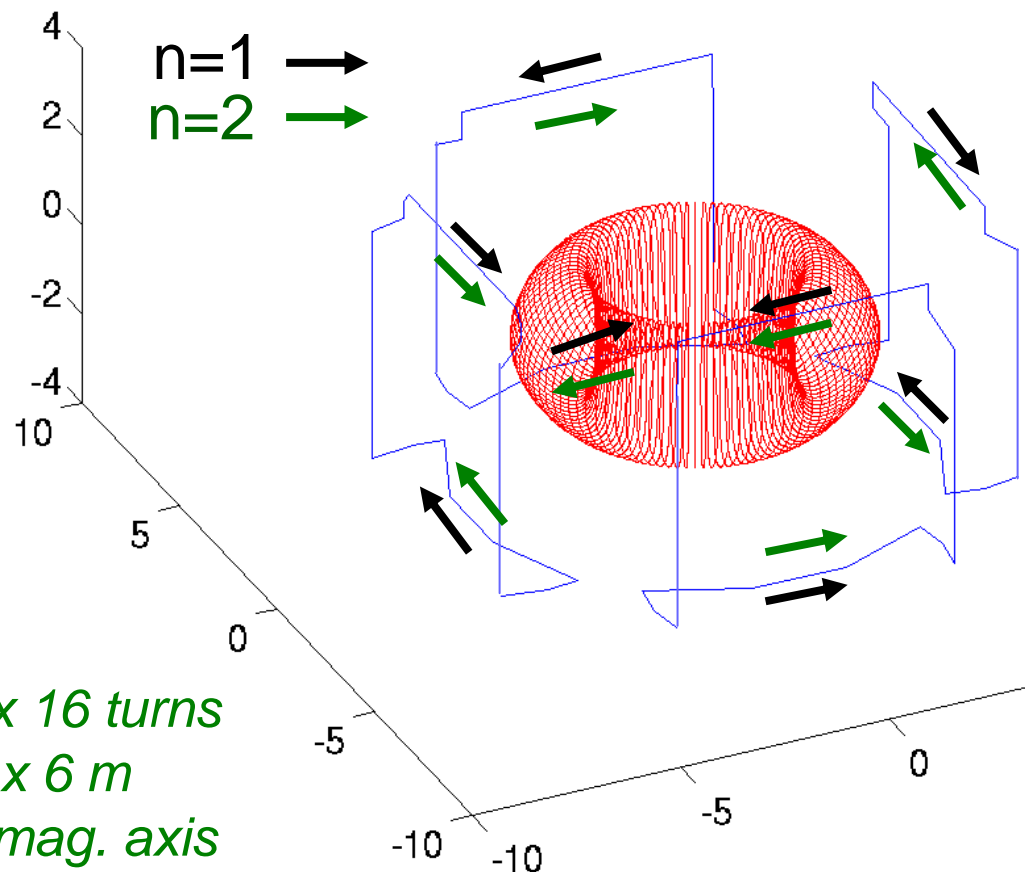
$n=1$:

- Weak edge ergodisation
- Plasma braking
- Seeding of locked modes

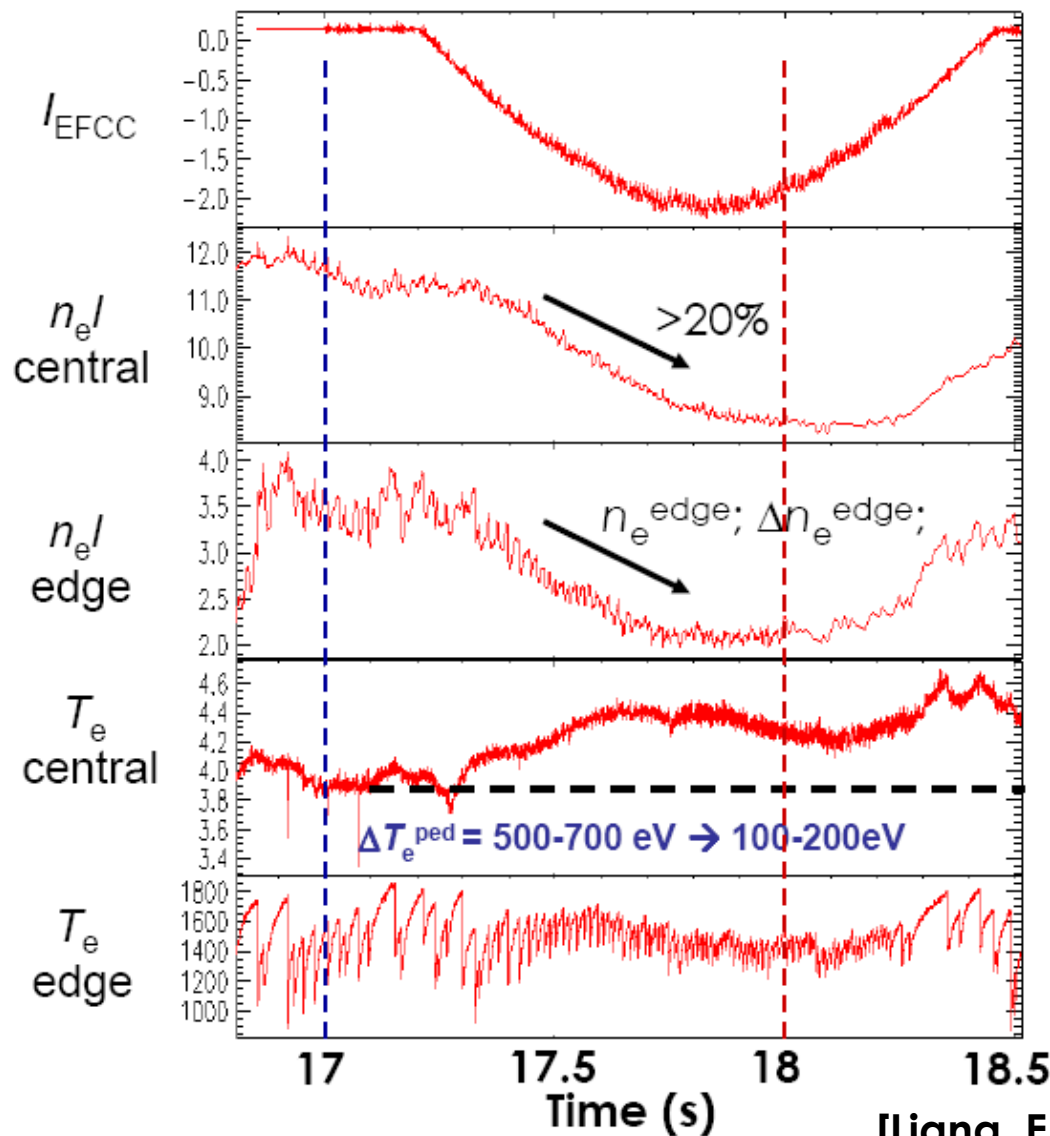
$n=2$:

- Good edge ergodisation
- Small influence on core plasma

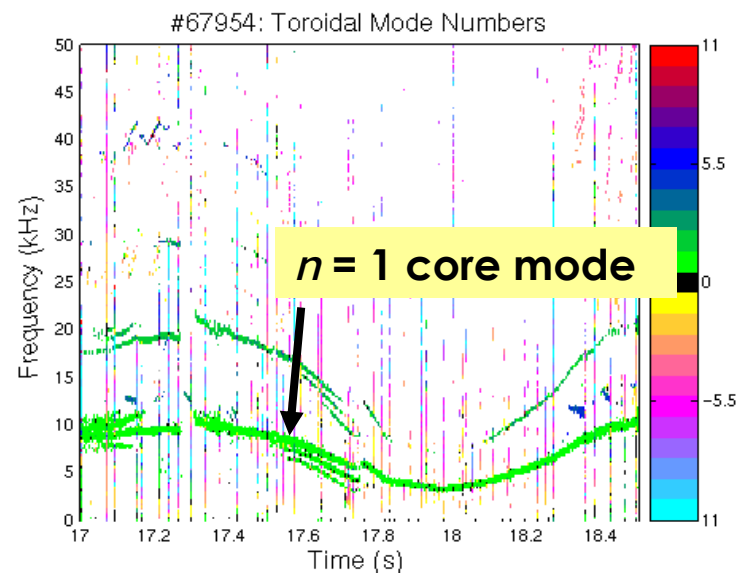
$I_{Coil} \leq 3 \text{ kA} \times 16 \text{ turns}$
Size $\sim 6 \text{ m} \times 6 \text{ m}$
 $\sim 3 \text{ m}$ from mag. axis



JET: $n=1$ field results



- Density reduced
- Temperature rise
- Rotation strongly reduced

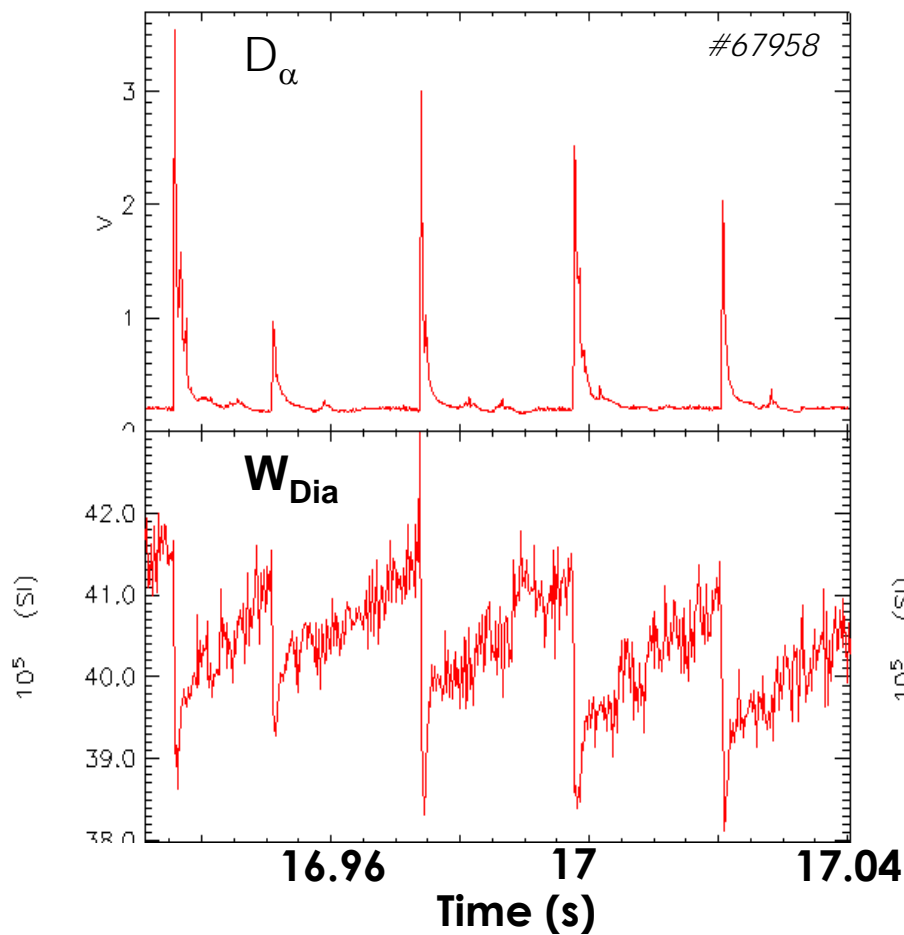


[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

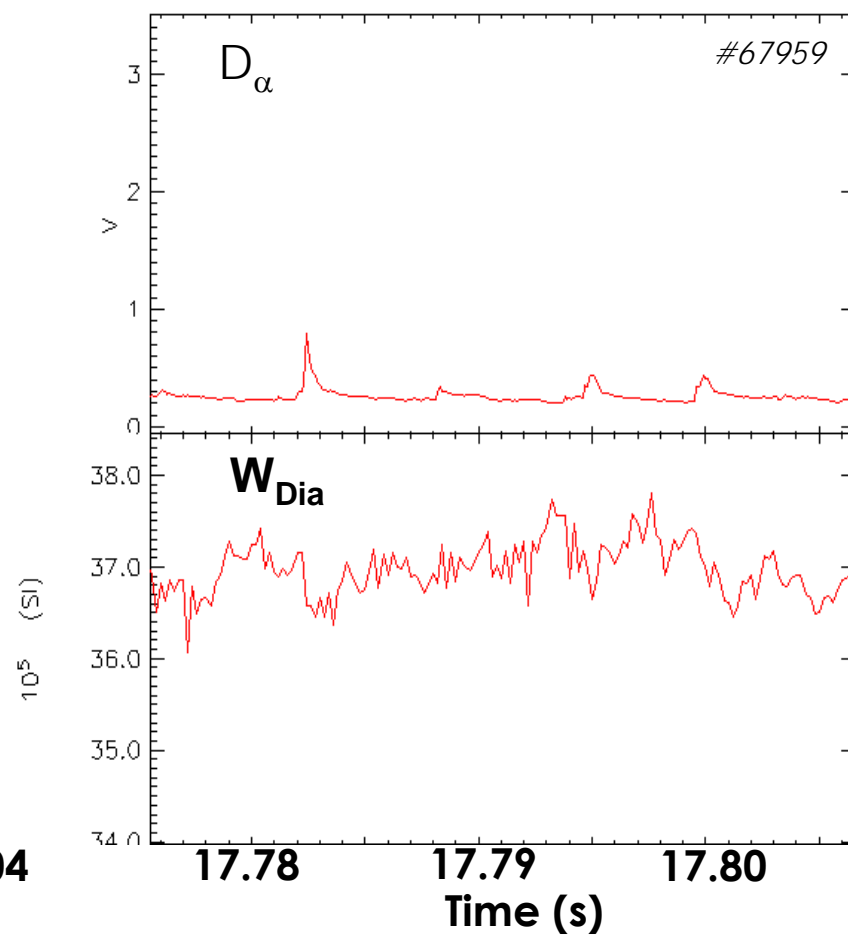
JET: Reduction in energy loss $\Delta W/W$ of ELMs



without EFCCs

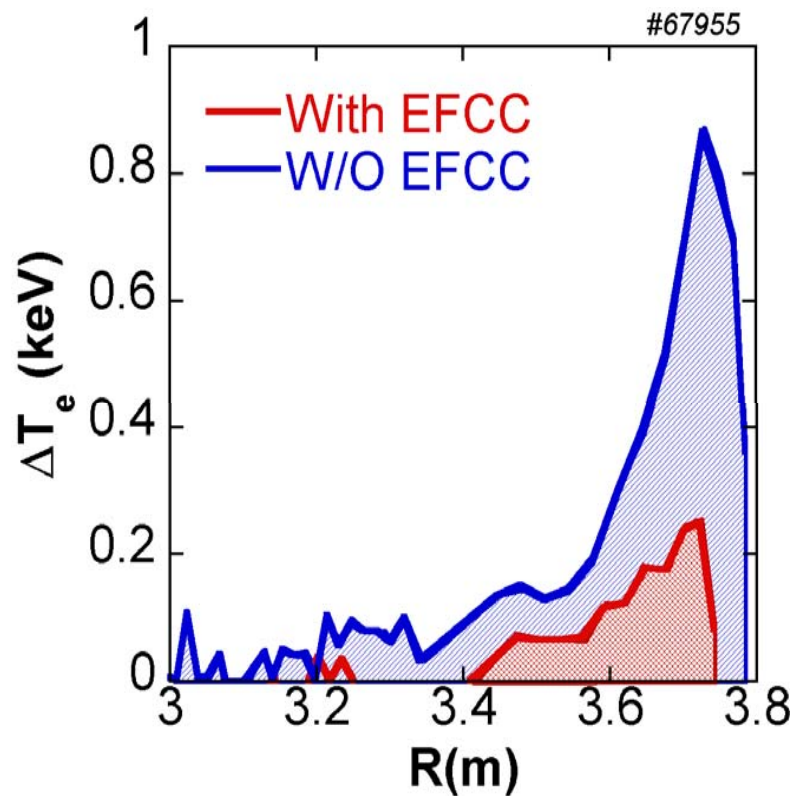


with EFCCs



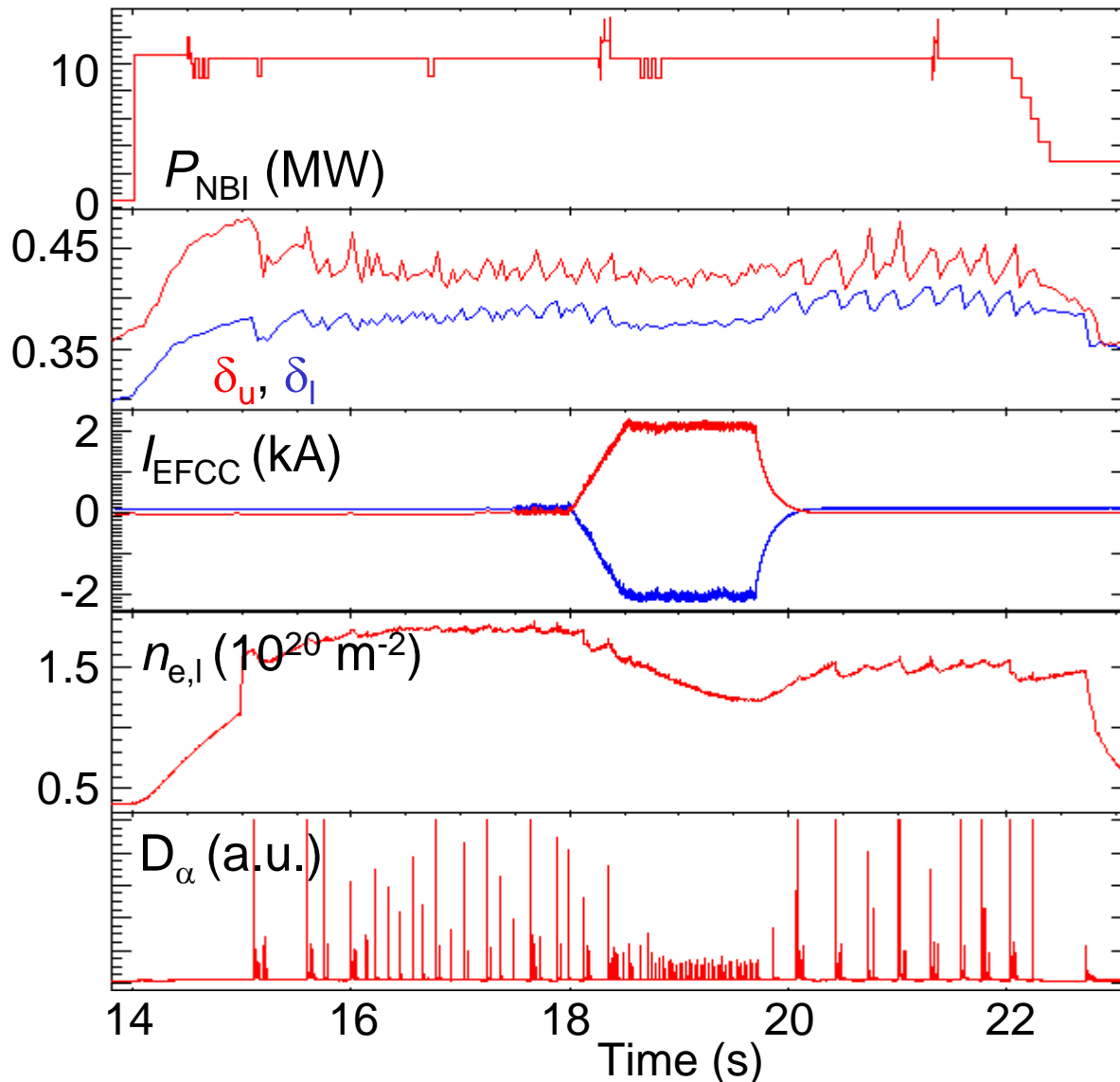
[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

JET: ELM T_e perturbation smaller with RMP



[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

JET: Result extended to high shape...



HT-3

“ITER-like”

EFCCs in $n=1$

$I_p = 1.8 \text{ MA}$

$B_t = 2.05 \text{ T}$

$P_{\text{NBI}} = 10.4 \text{ MW}$

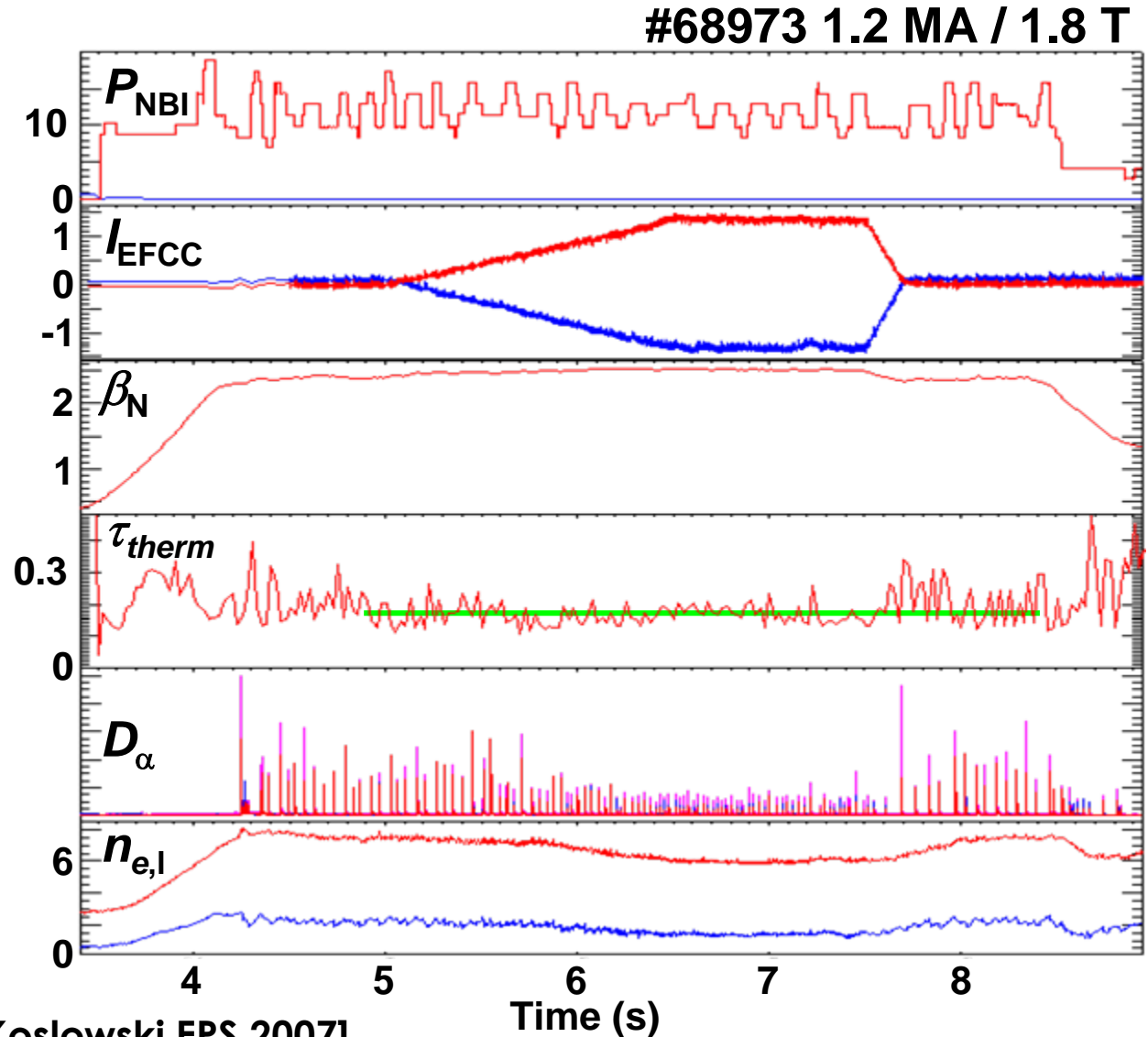
[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007,
Koslowski EPS 2007]

JET: ...and applied in high β AT plasmas



$\beta_N \sim 2.5$, $n=1$ field:

- Confinement maintained
- Density drops $\sim 20\%$



[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

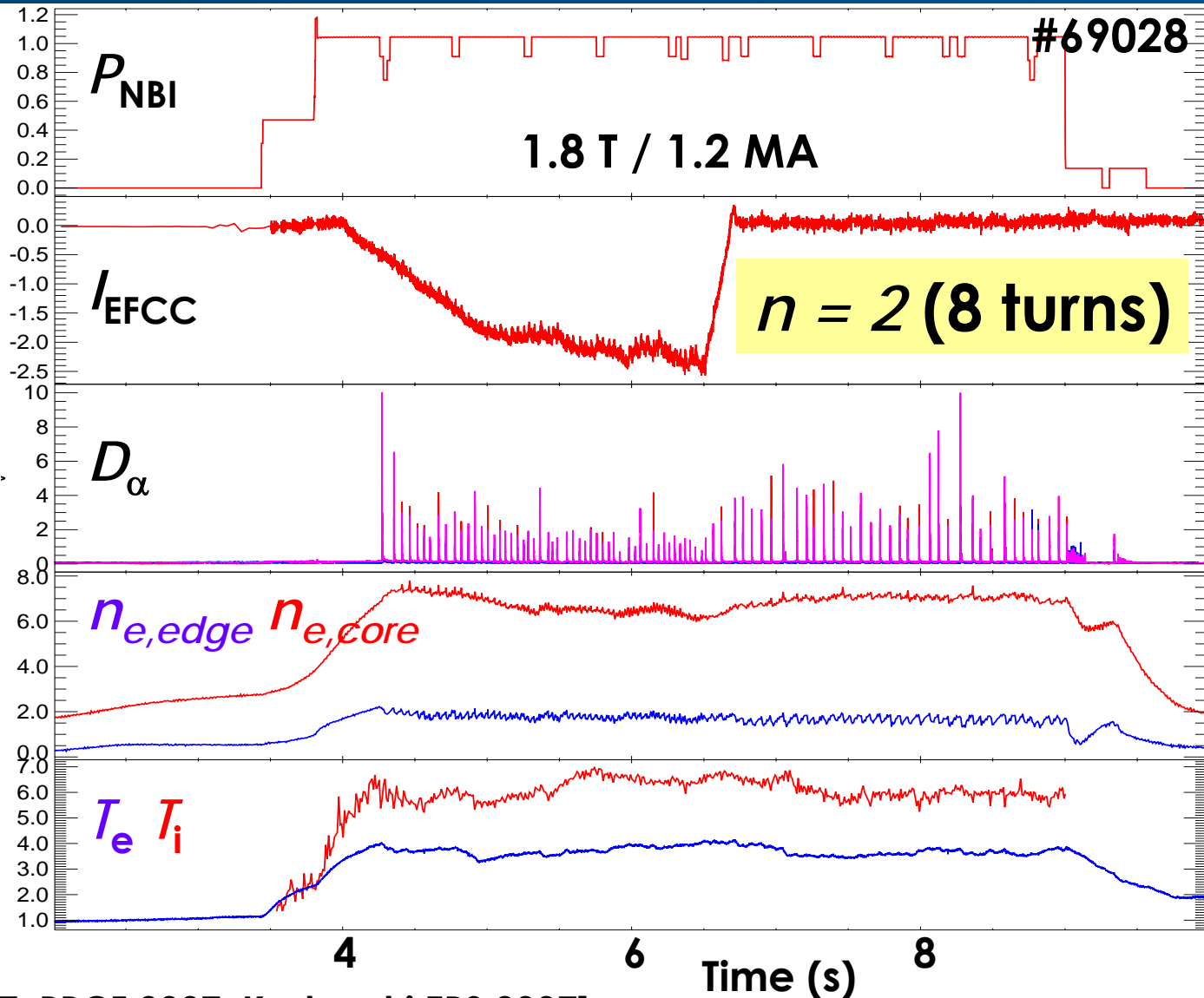
JET: First tests of $n=2$ EFCCs in high β scenario



$\beta_N \sim$ no-wall limit:

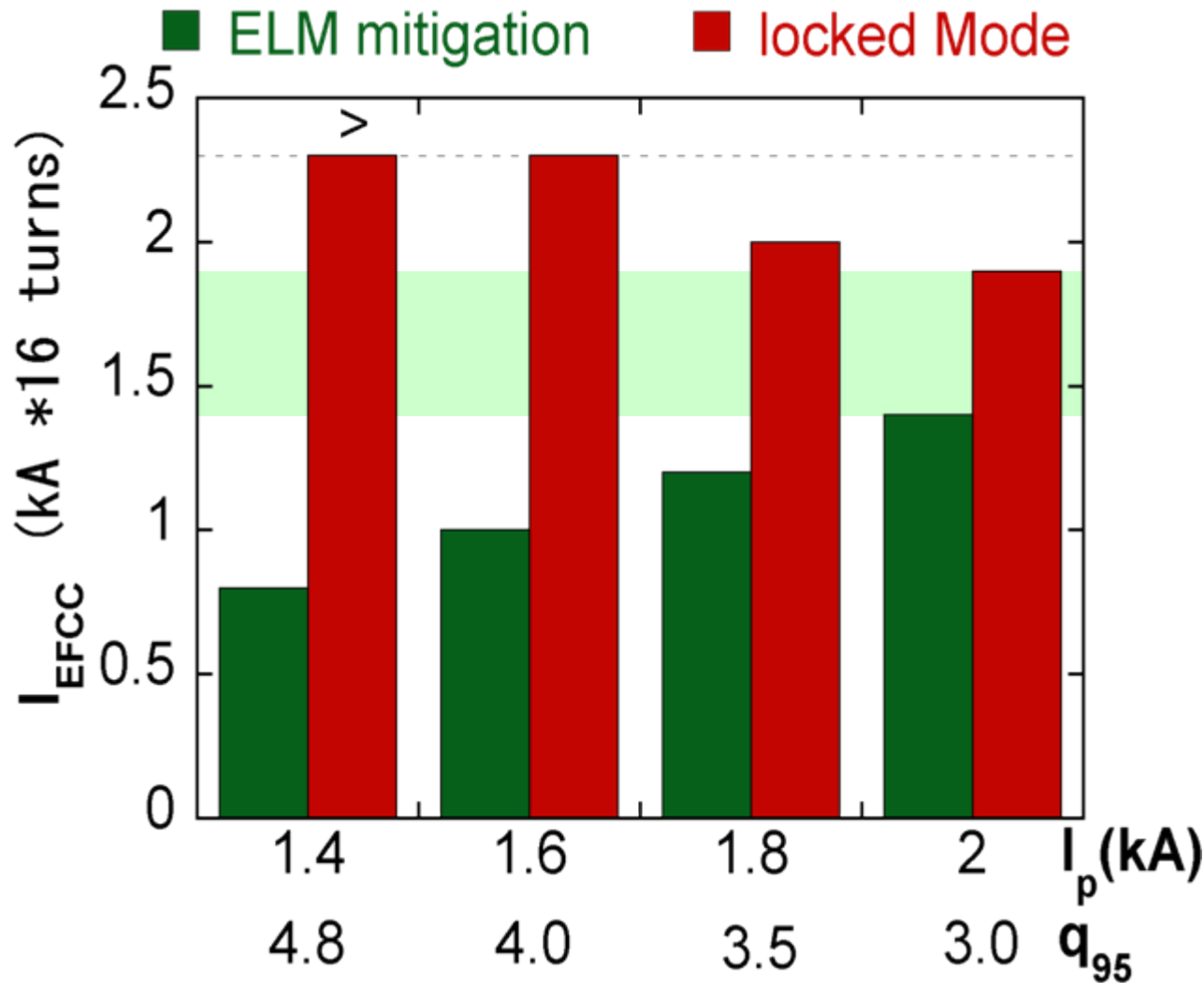
- See 'usual' effect on ELMs, n_e , T_e
- Though weak as just first test with 8 turns

More in 2008...



[see also Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

JET: q_{95} range - locked modes are an issue, but operational window exists



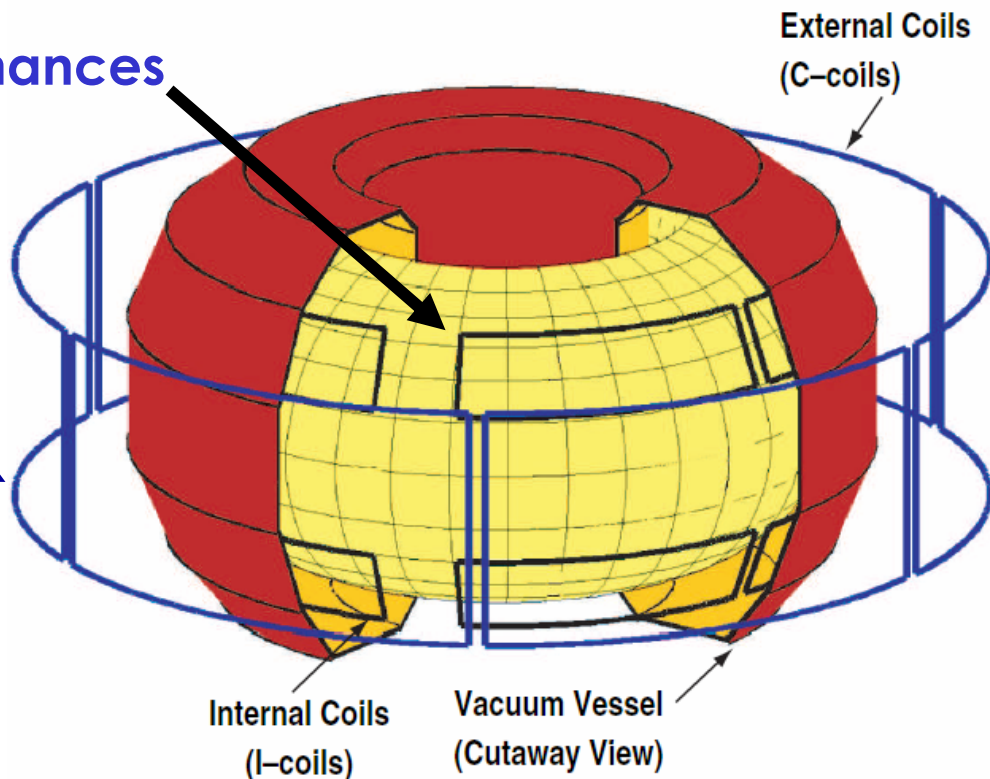
$B_t = 1.84$ T
 C_{SFE_LT}

[Liang, EPS 2007, PPCF 2007, Koslowski EPS 2007]

DIII-D brings unique capability to this field

Interplay of I coils and C coils allows us to change balance of field harmonics:

- I coils make strong edge resonances
- Changing I phasing can vary core:edge mix
- C coils can directly cancel out core resonances...
- ... and also impact non-resonant fields



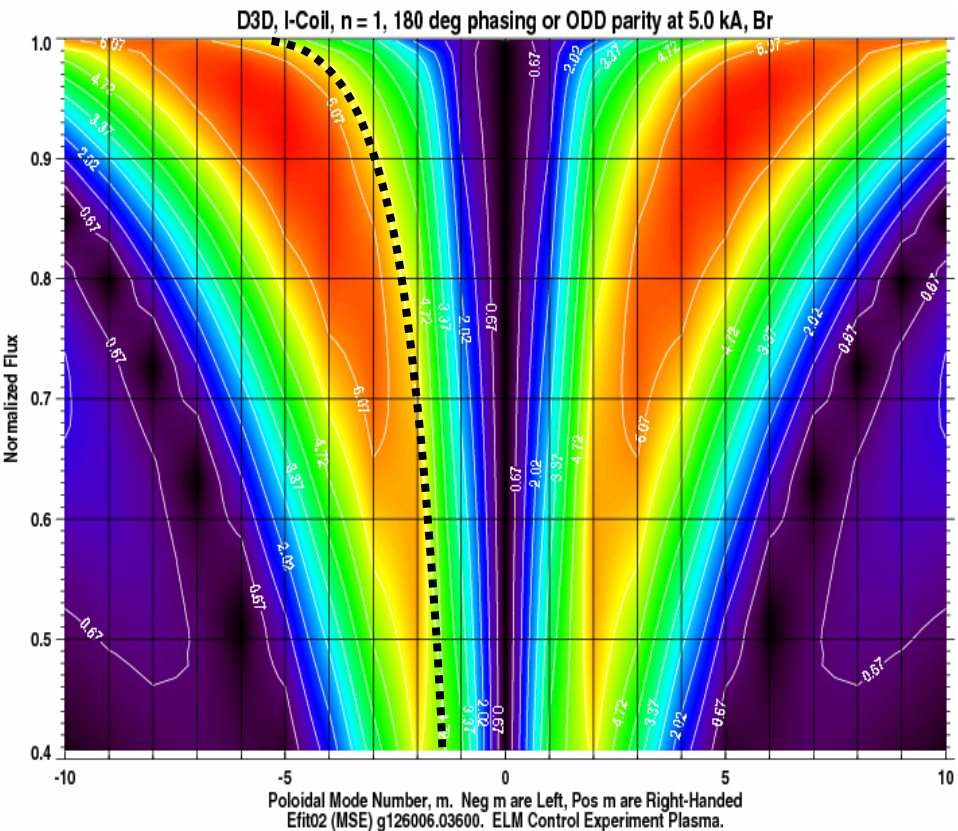
'Proof-of-principal' type scans to see what these do...



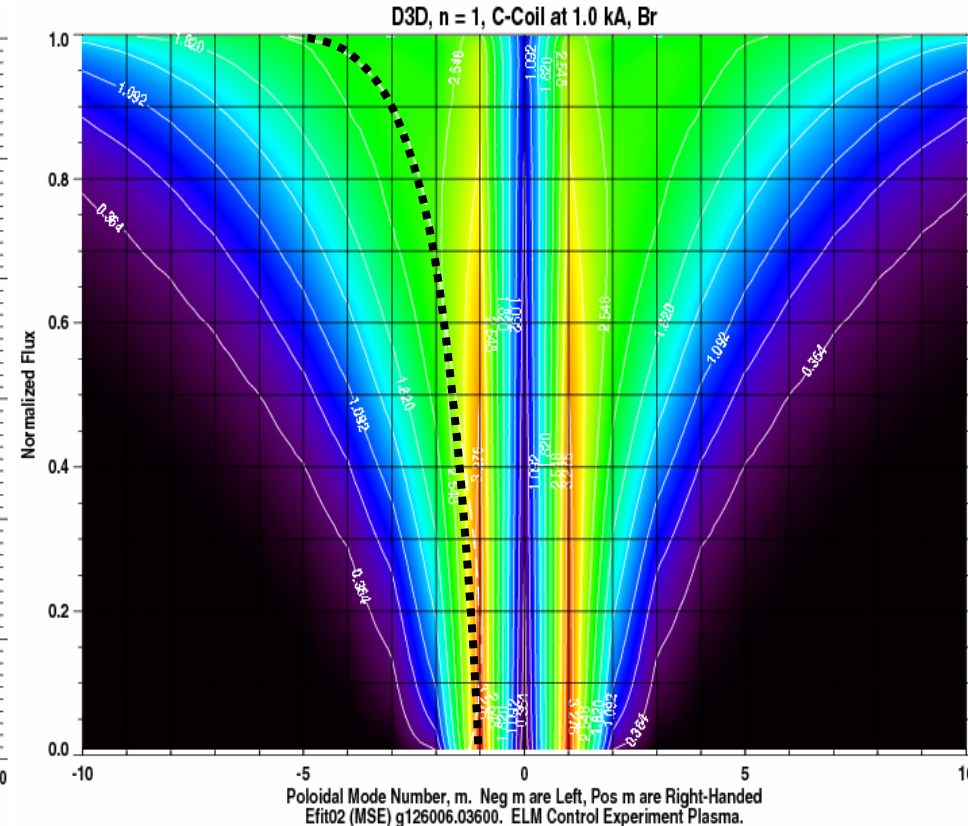
DIII-D Modelling of I and C coil n=1 fields

- I fields introduce strong edge components:
 - though Chirikov only just >1

- C fields strongly core resonant:
 - Can use to remove I coil core resonances



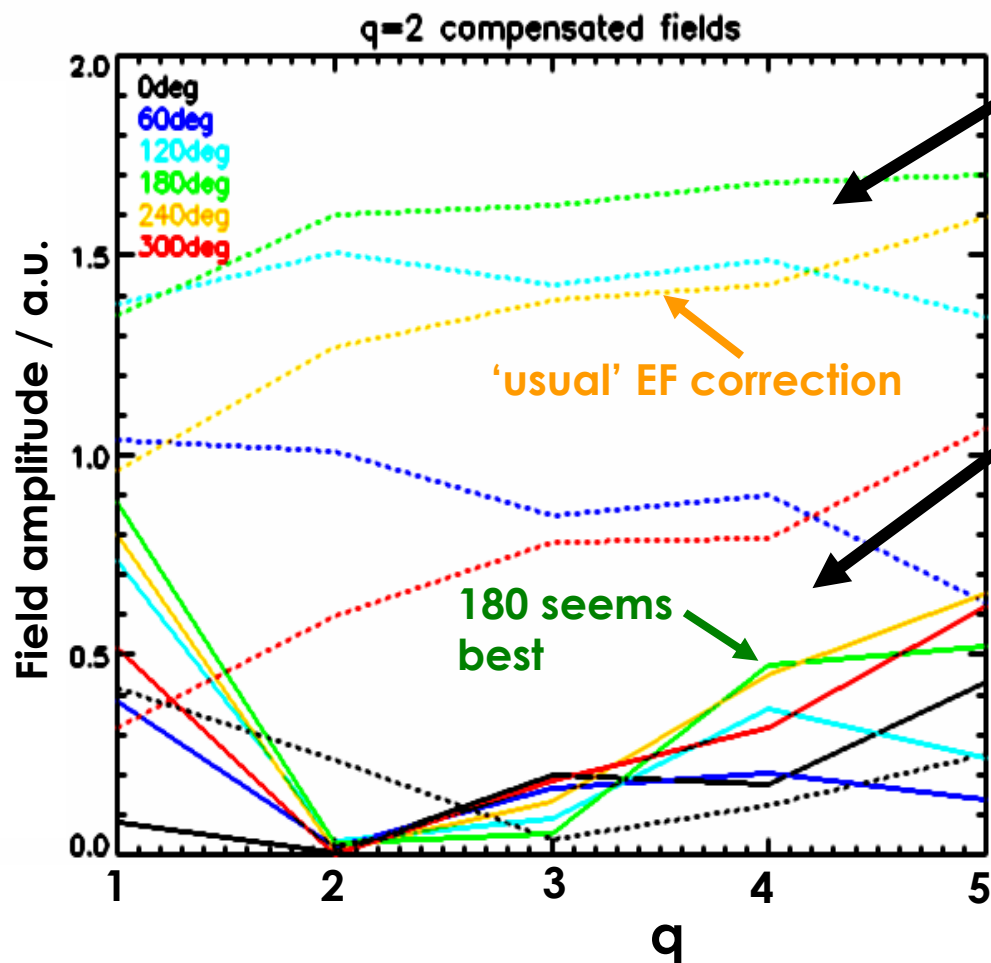
II Schaffer Mar 28 19:39:38 2007



II Schaffer Mar 28 10:58:41 2007



Field scans possible on DIII-D



Pure I fields (dotted):

- Different I phasings alter core:edge mix

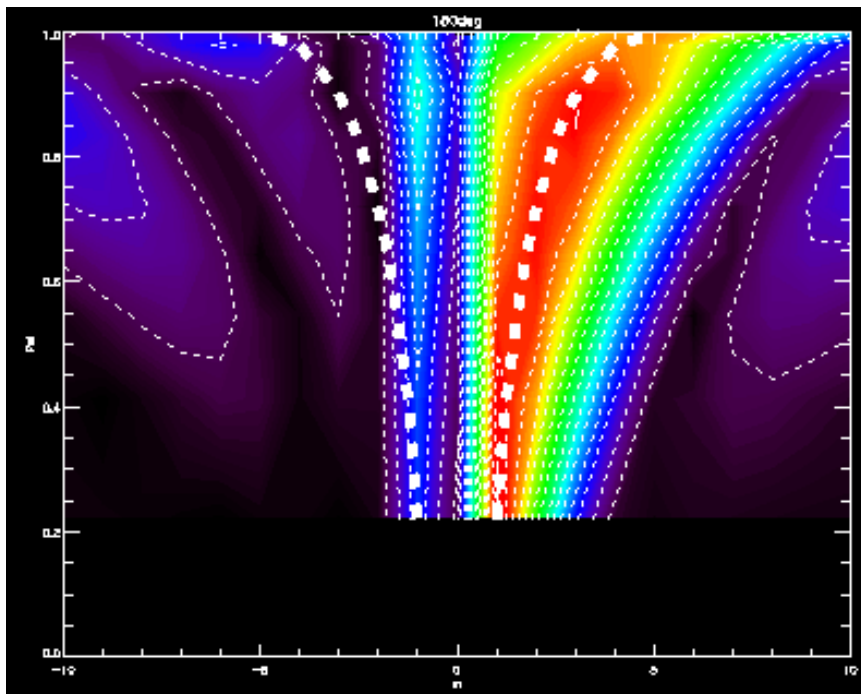
Cancel 2/1 resonance with C coils (solid):

- Leaves residual edge field
- ...or can rotate phasings to boost edge field...

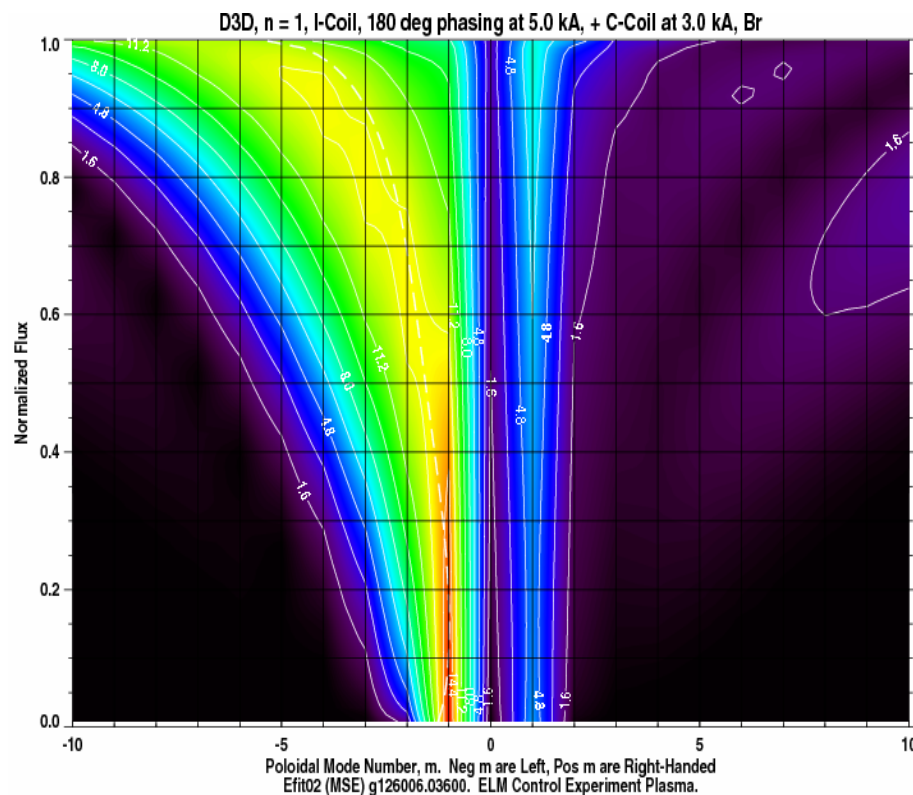


Combining Cs and Is (180 phasing)

- Cancelling core harmonics leads to strong non-resonant field:



- Or different C phase can kill non-resonant field and enhance edge fields:



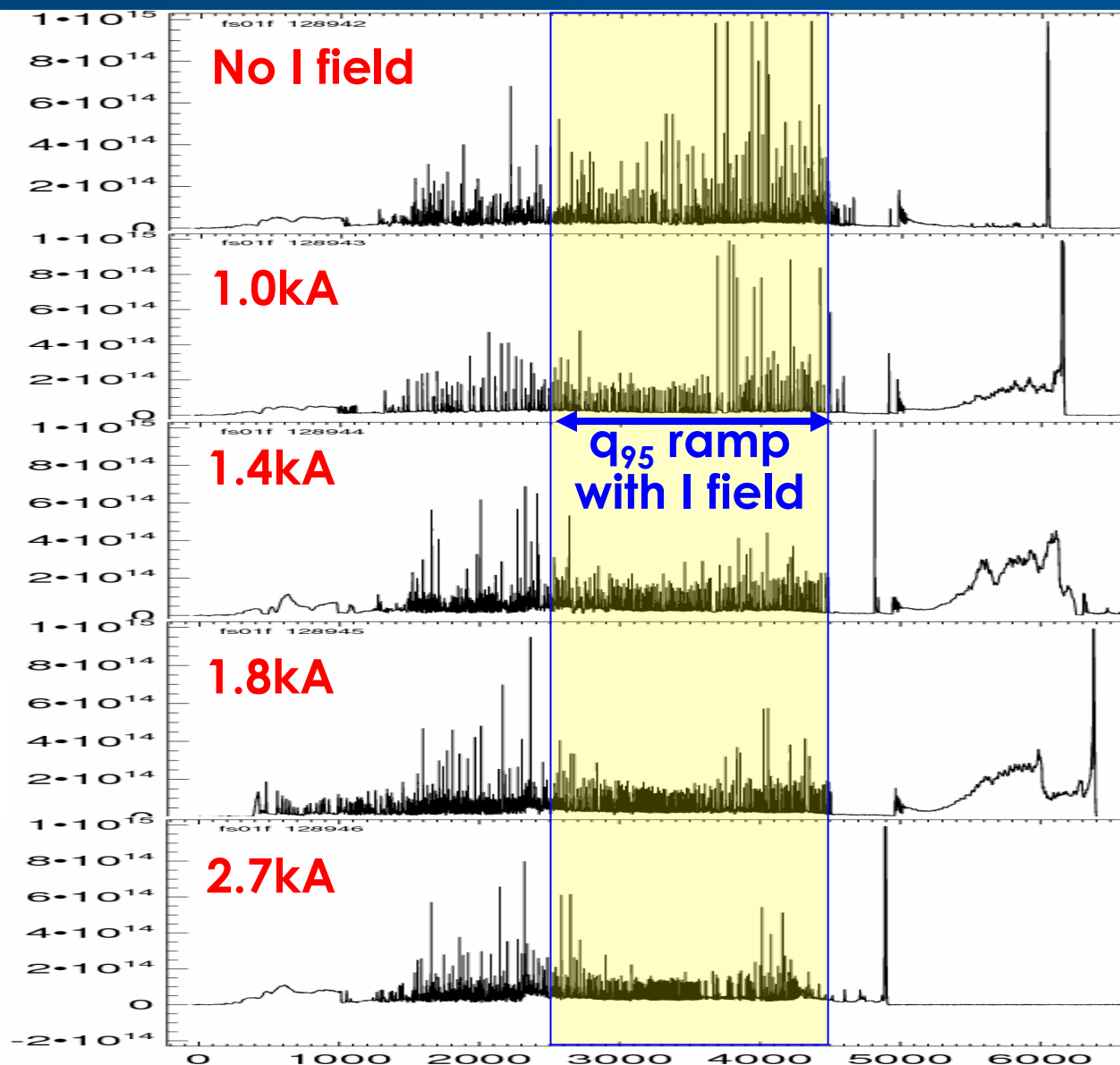
II Schaffer Mtr 29 16:28:44 2007



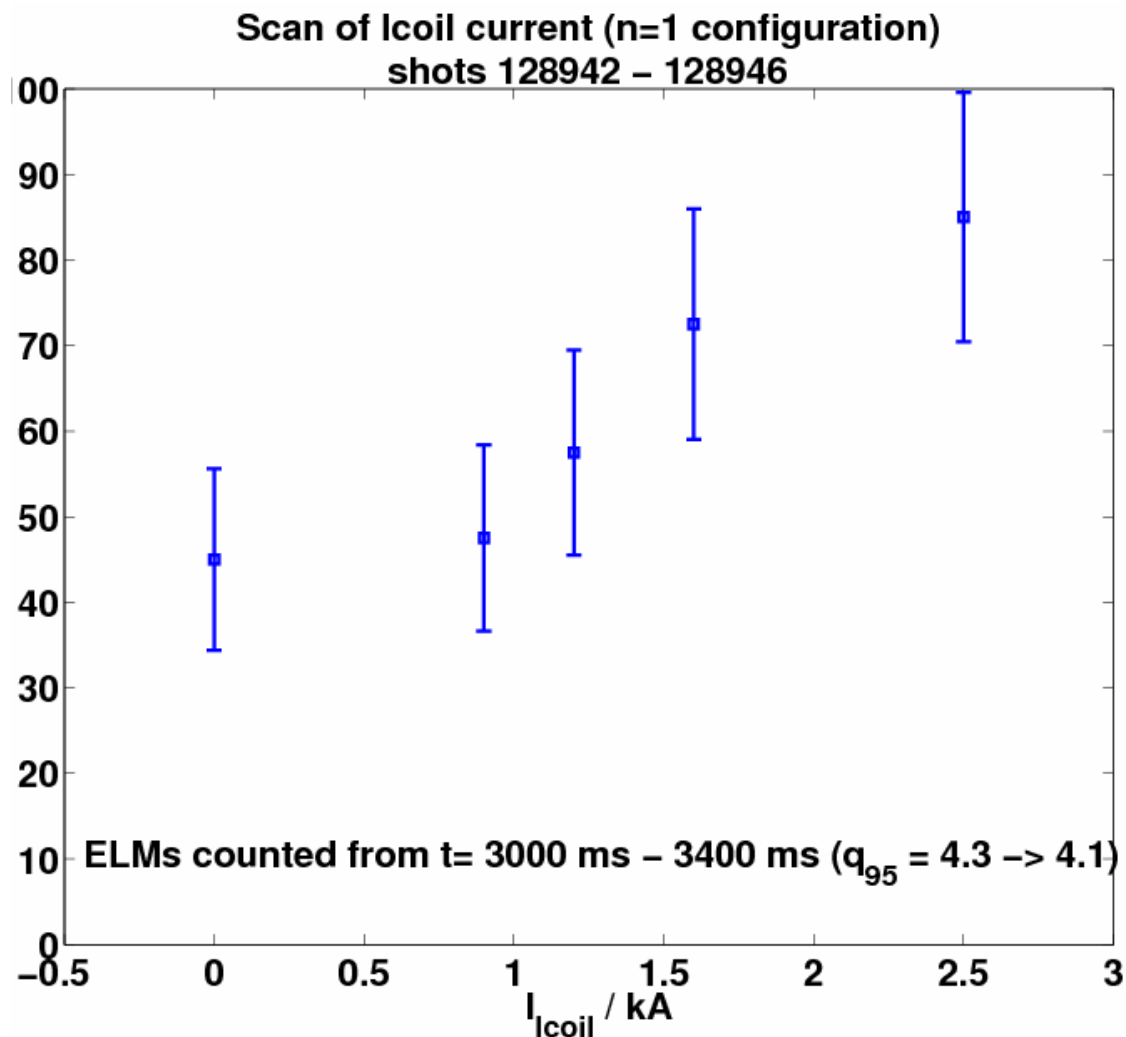
Pure I field tried first in q_{95} ramps:

q_{95} ramp 4.7 \rightarrow 3.5:

- $D\alpha$ amplitude reduced
- ELM frequency increased
- Particular affect around 3200ms, $q_{95} \sim 4.25$

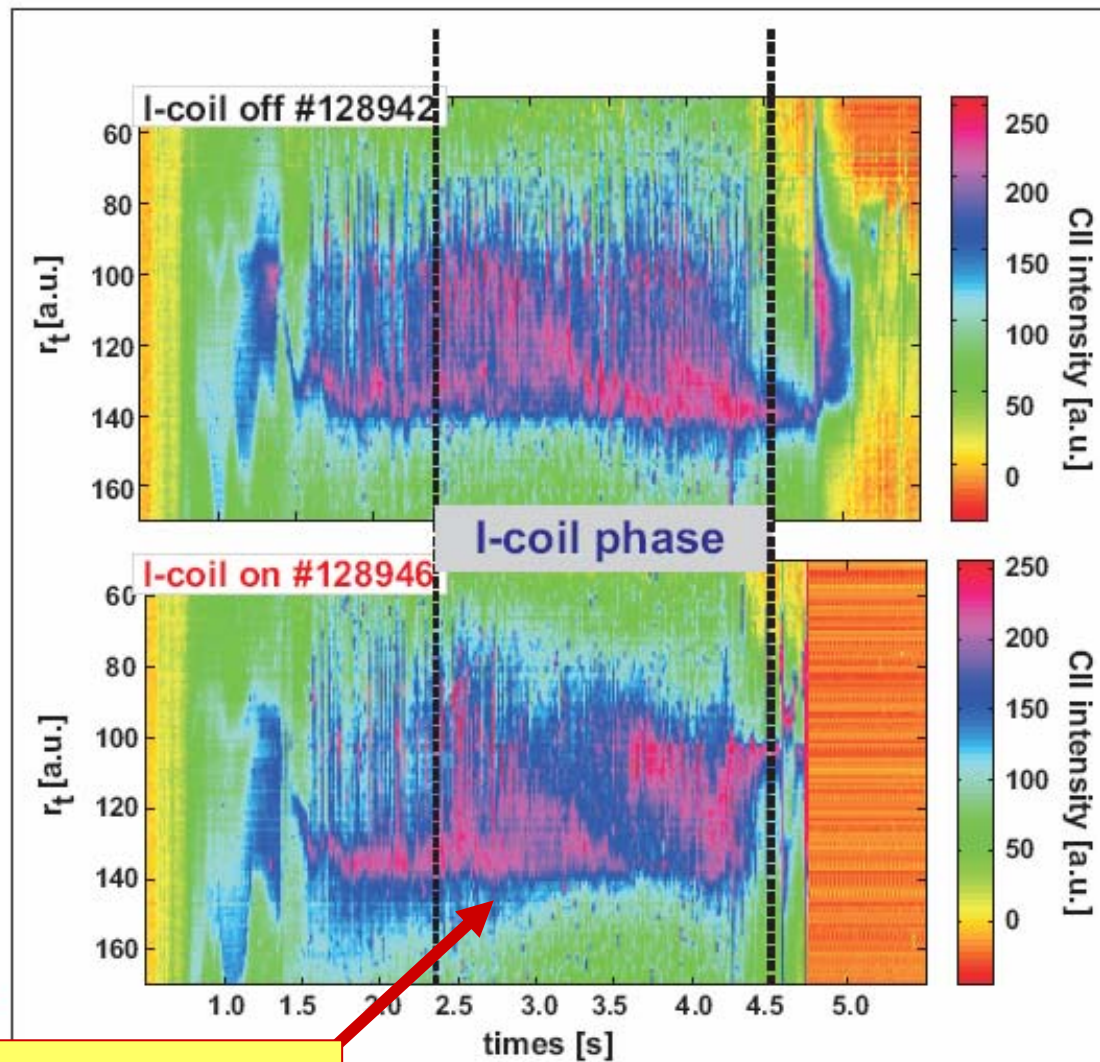
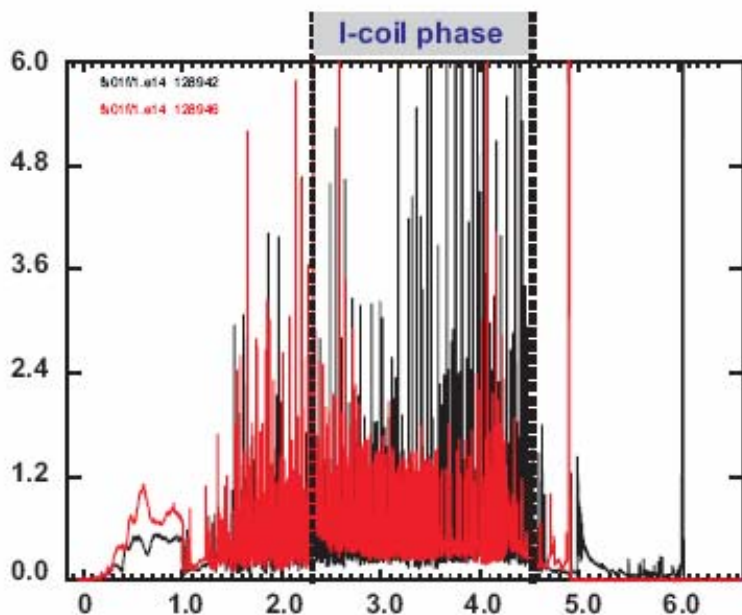


ELM frequency clearly rises



■ #128942 and #128946

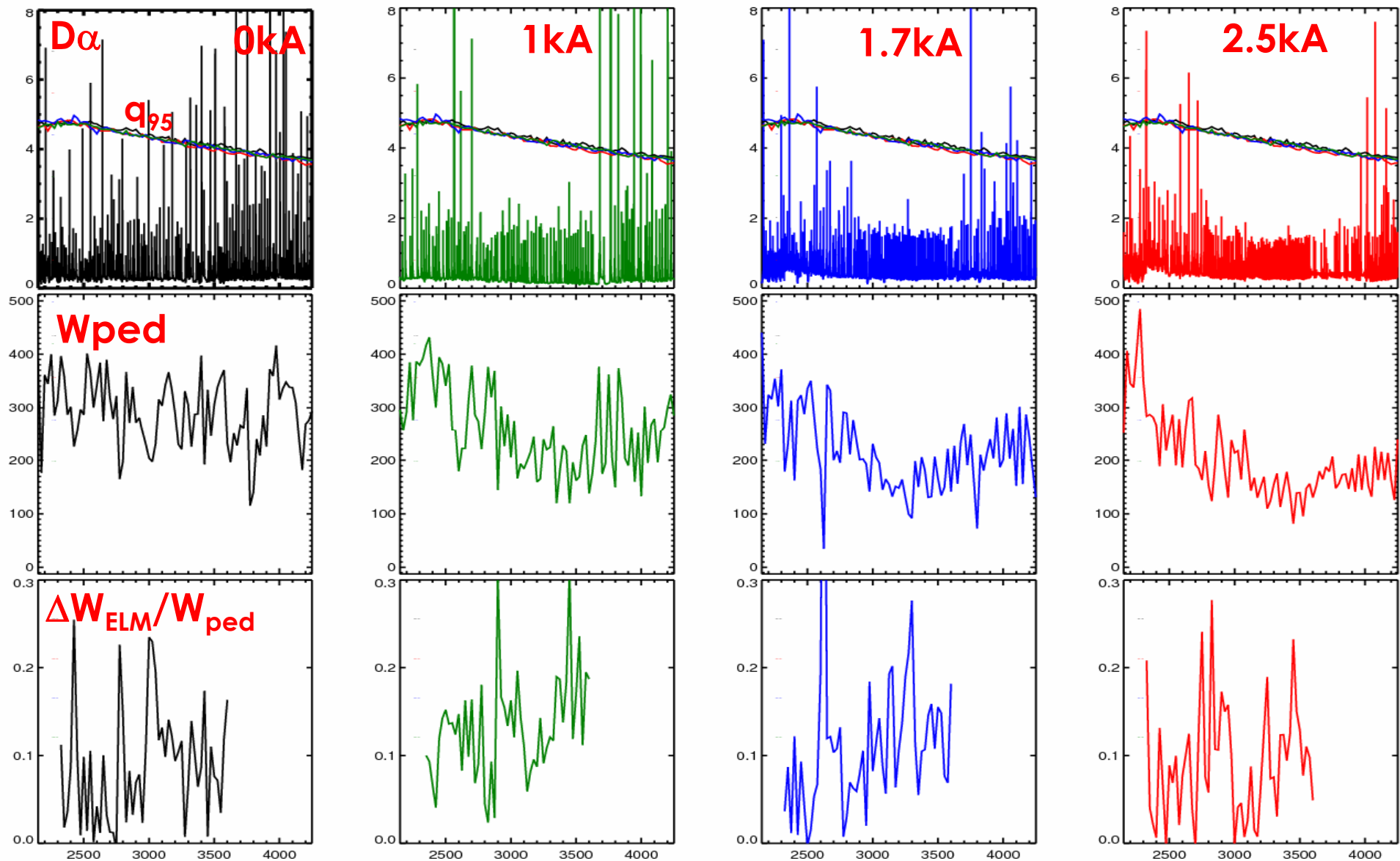
- ➔ strike point manipulation is apparent
- ➔ new “branch” appears -> related to tangles?



Strike manipulation
but no splitting



ELM energy does fall, but in proportion to pedestal



n=1 extended to higher amplitudes by removing core harmonics with C coils

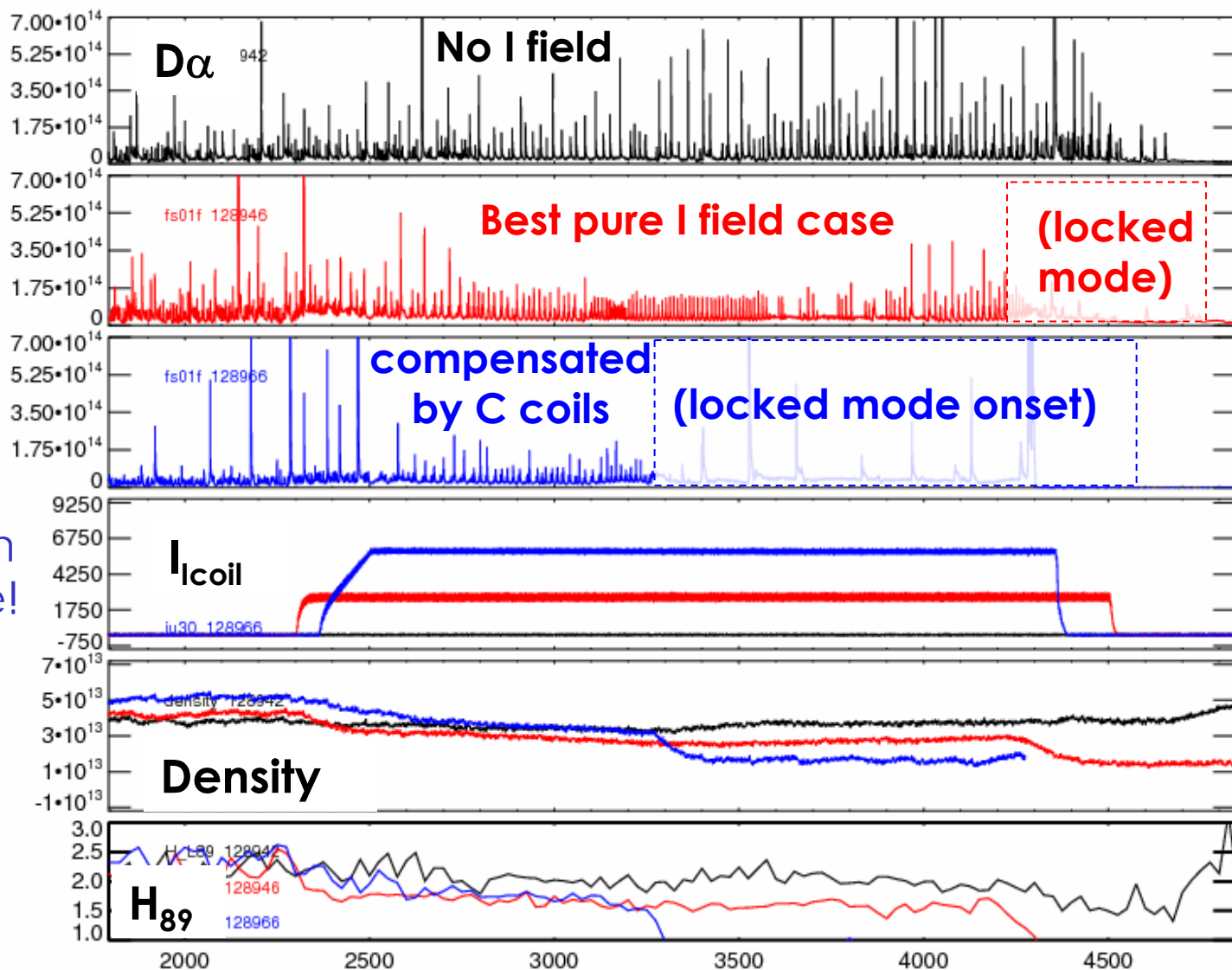
- Increased ELM frequency relative to reference

- But not more effective

– Error correction not that simple!

- *Eg this meeting!*

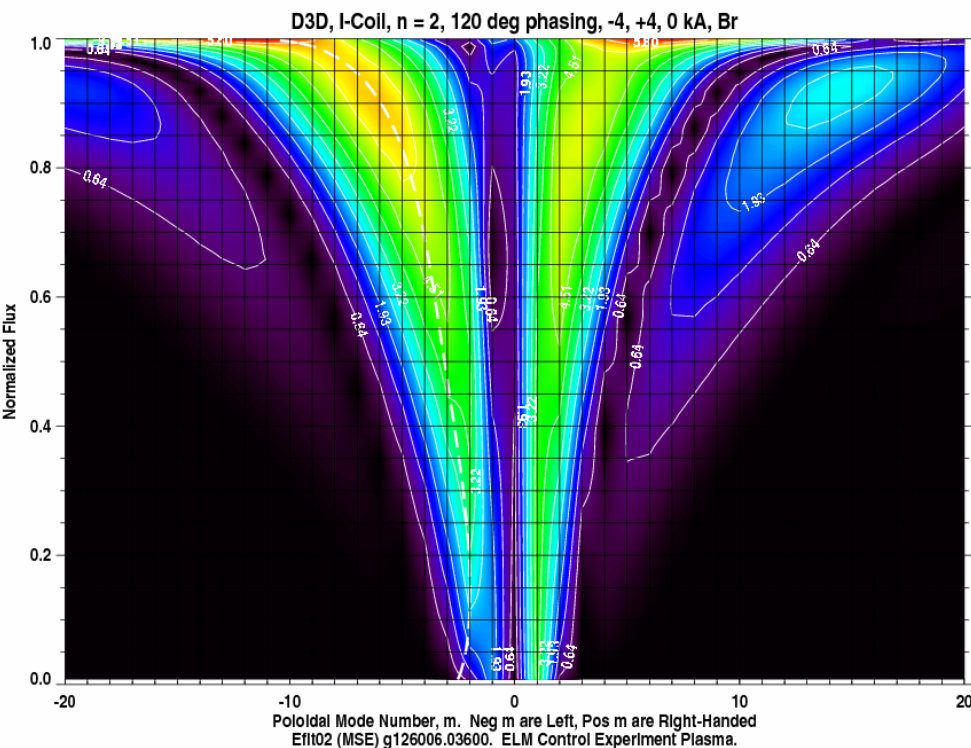
– Locked mode is the problem



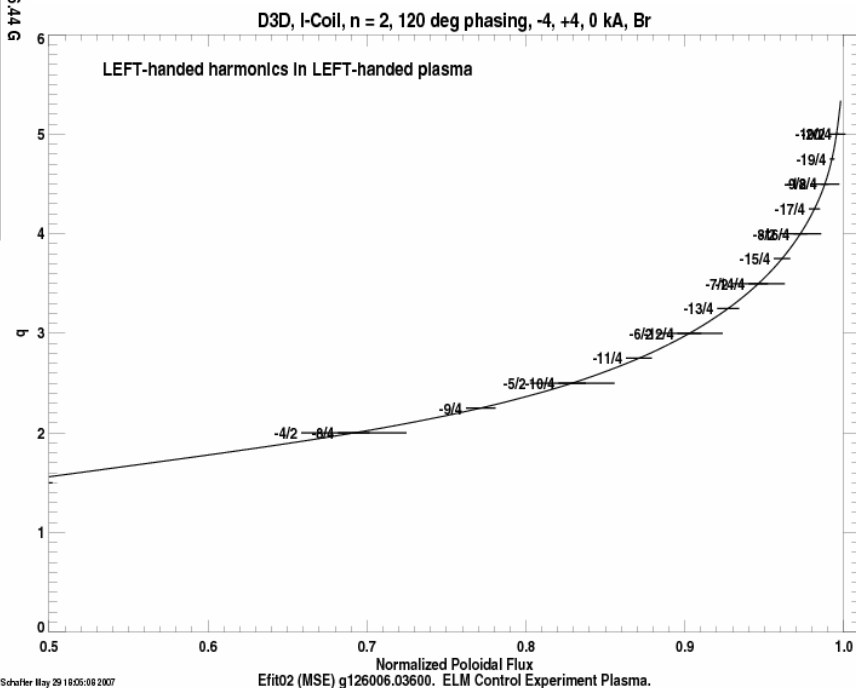
n=2 fields...



Modelling of n=2 fields also show promise...

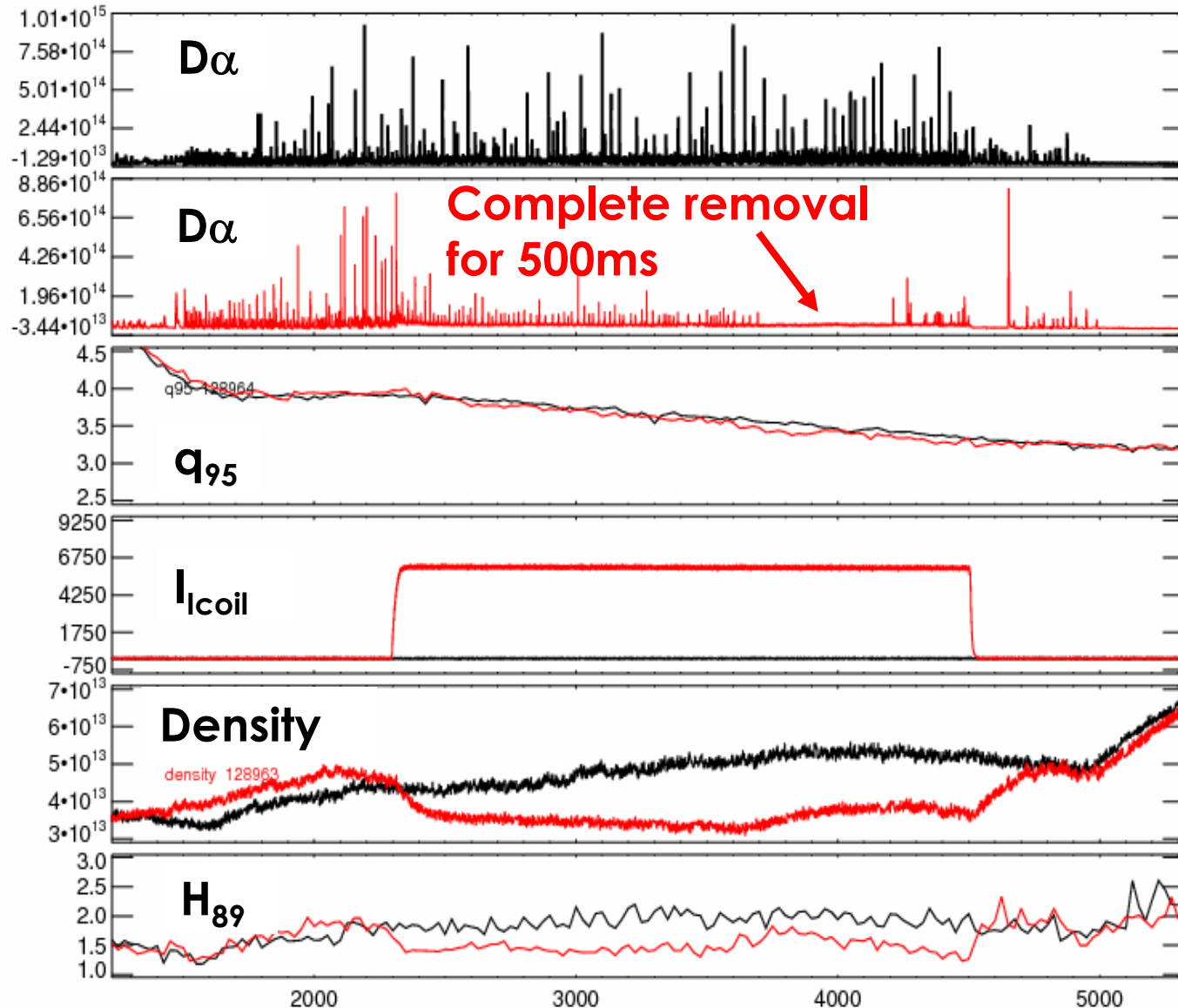


- Better potential due to more islands!



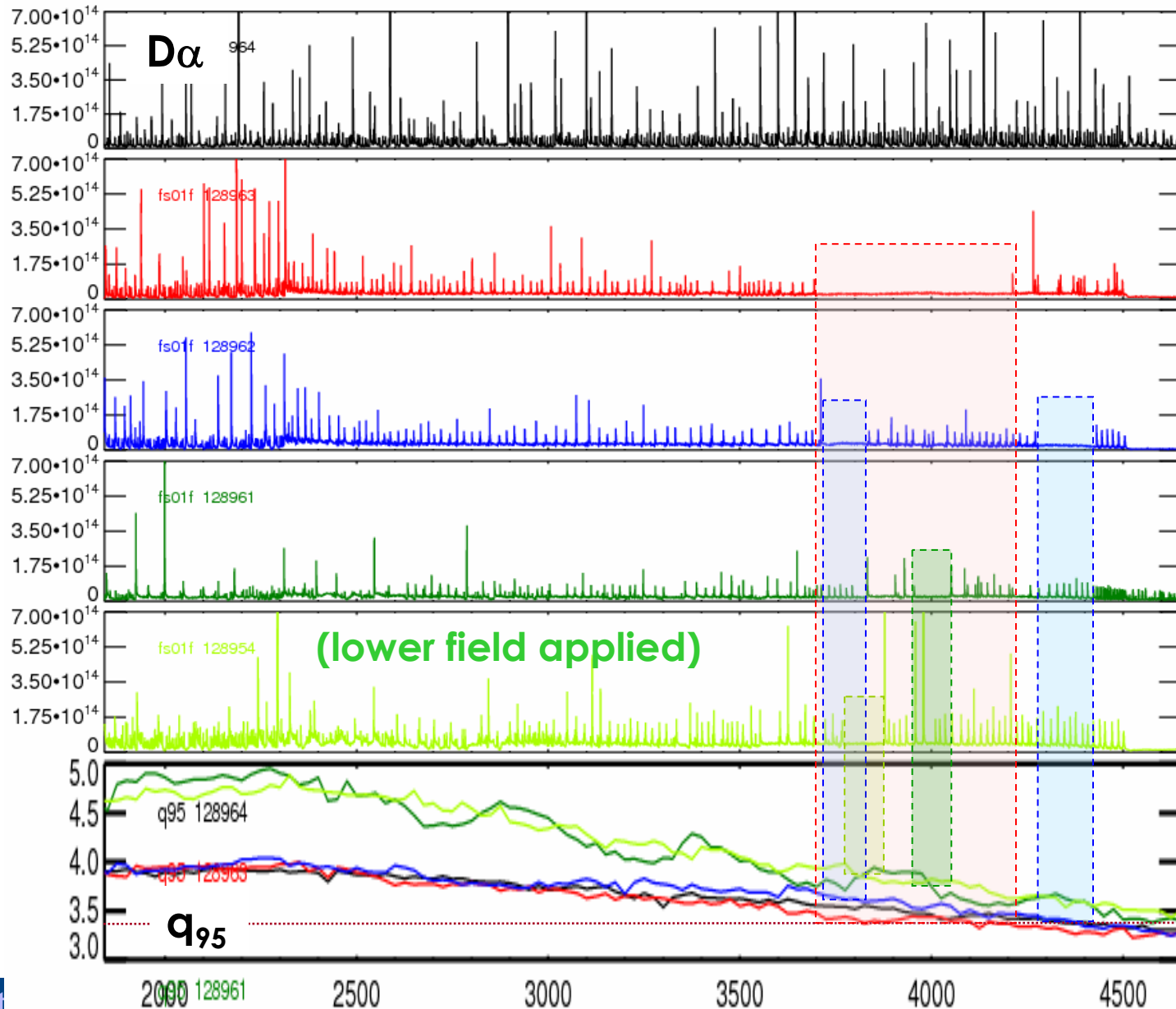
Promising new ELM suppression technique identified with n=2 fields

- Broad resonance at low q_{95}
- Clear density pump out effect
- But confinement fall
- *Worthy of further exploration?*



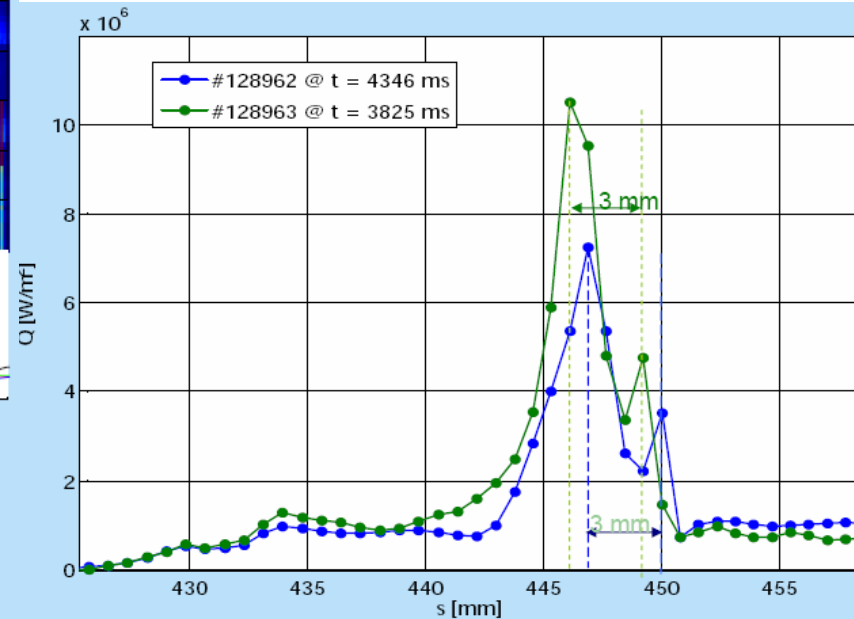
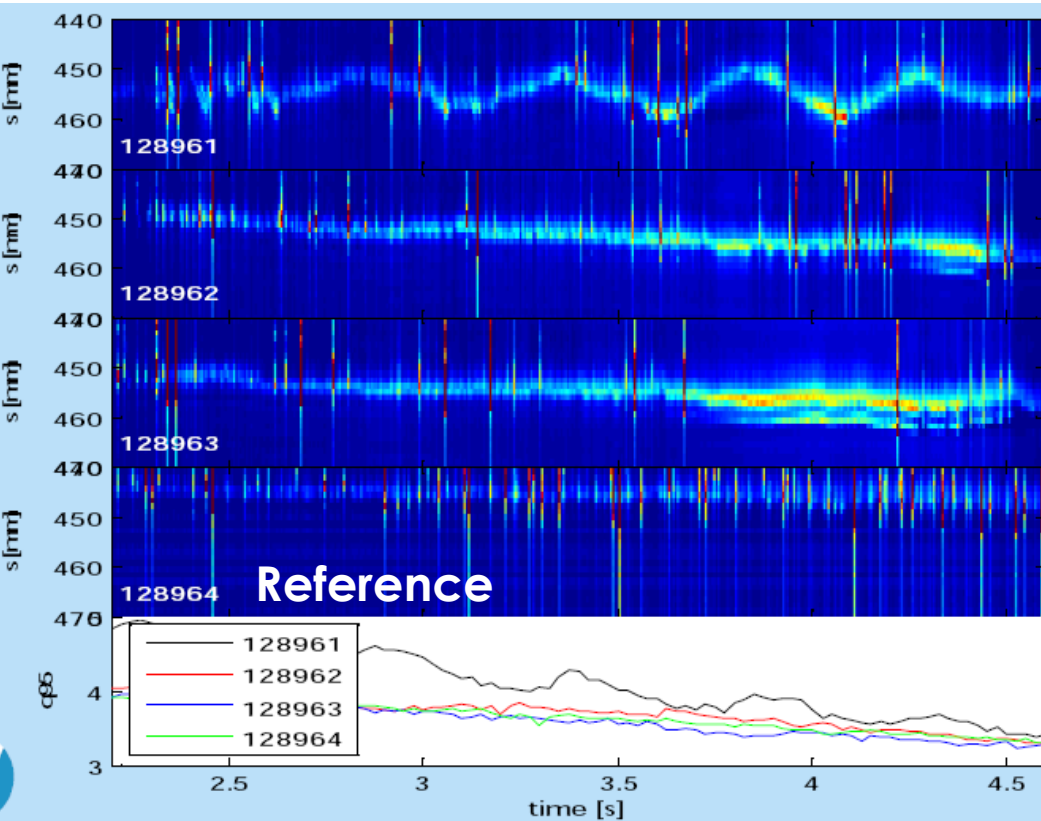
Comparison of resonant regions as q scans varied

- Best effect at $q_{95} \sim 3.4$ (| |)
- Other (| | |) higher q 'resonances' less consistent
- Variation in L-H threshold need analysis
 - impacting behaviour?



IR shows possible effect of strike splitting

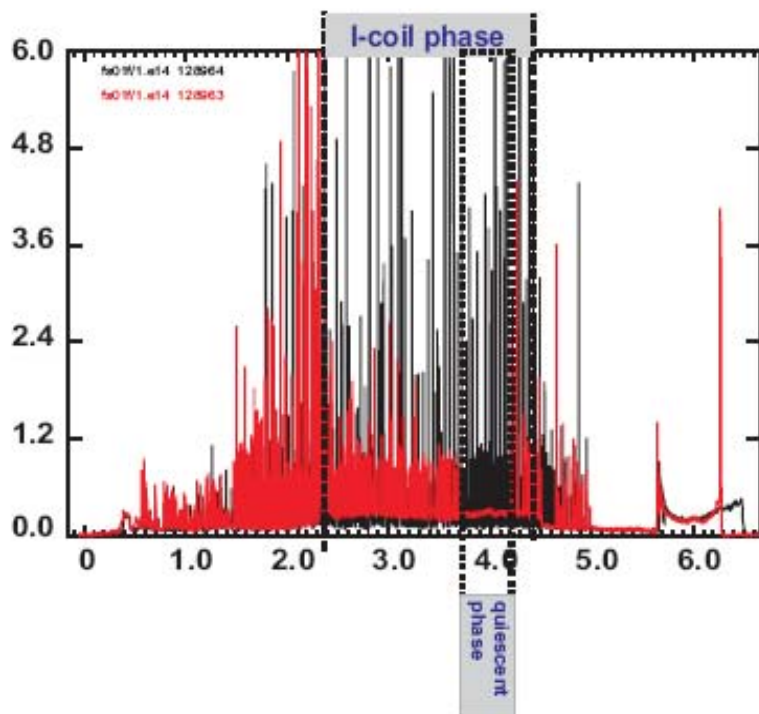
- This signature often associated with edge ergodisation
 - but visible camera shows strike broadening



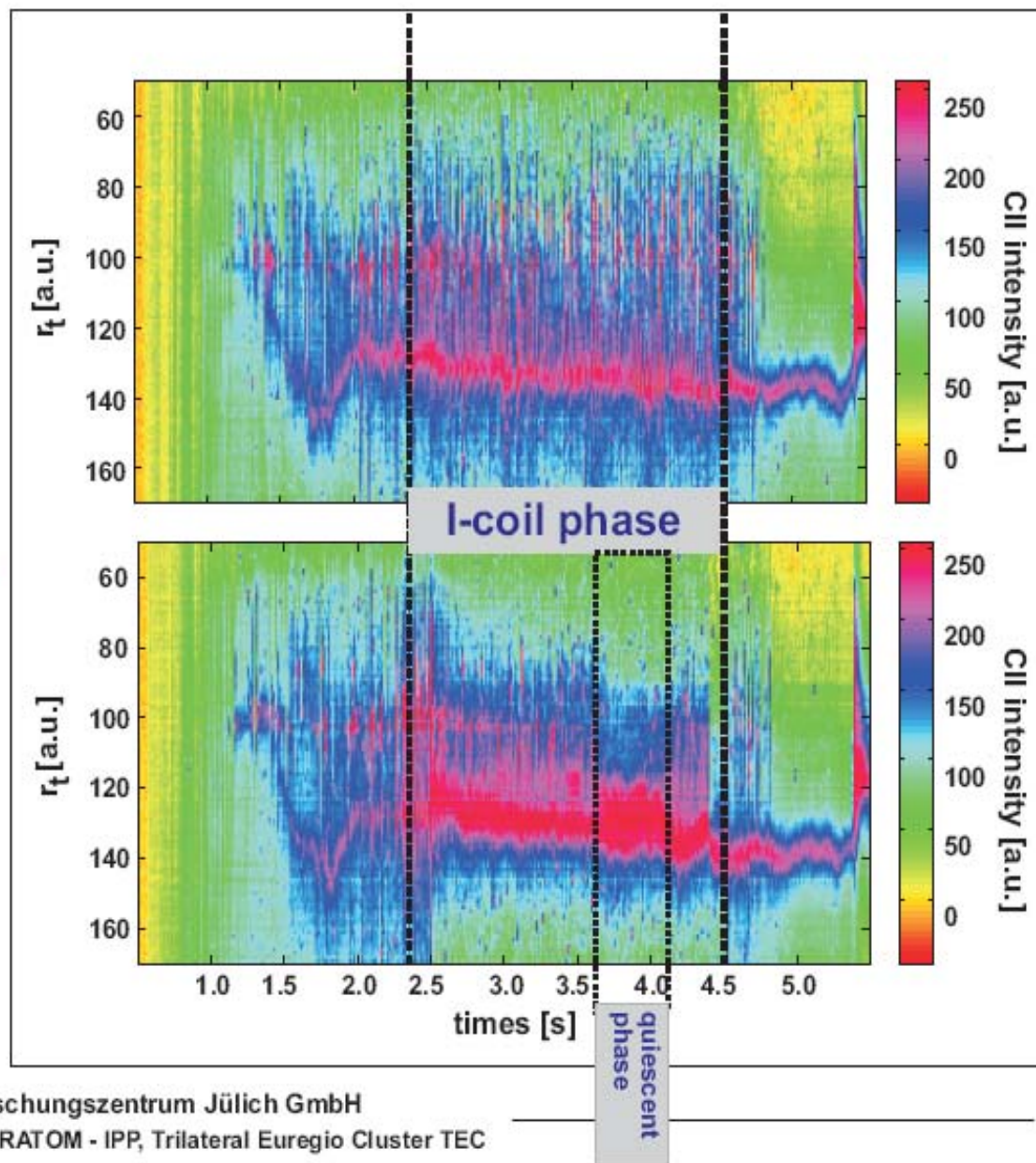
Good shot in $n=2$ -> I-coil with highest amplitude



- #128963 and #128964



- ➔ strike point broadening in quiescent phase
- ➔ no splitting observed, contrary to IR data from Marcin (but -> maybe not resolved)



Conclusions

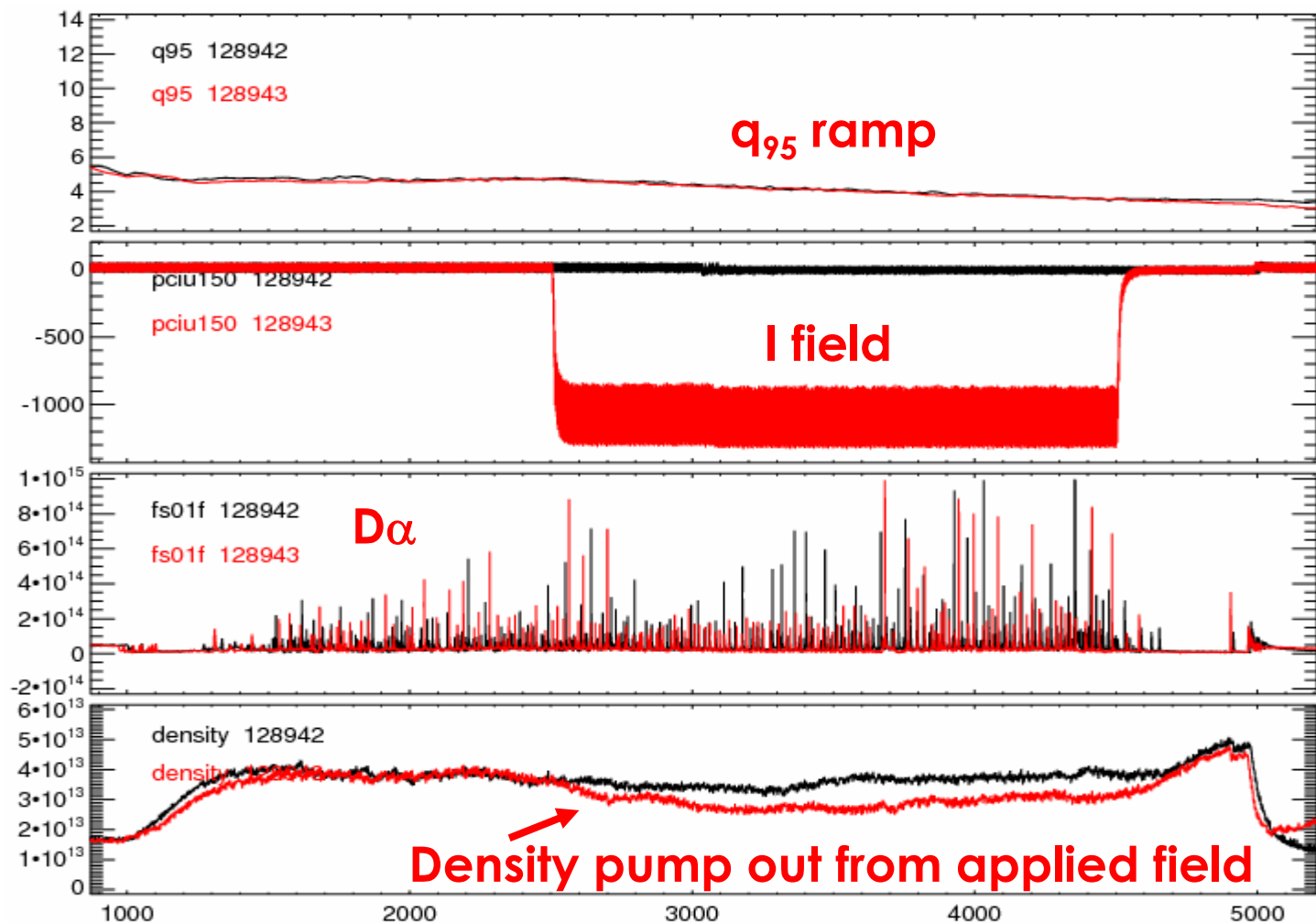
- $n=1$ and $n=2$ fields can have significant effects on ELMs
- May offer potential for broader q_{95} resonance and more general applicability than $n=3$? – works well on JET
- But $n=1$ effect on DIII-D not as strong as JET & limited by locked modes...
 - C-coil correction gives x2 improvement in LM threshold but demonstrates vacuum resonant model not whole story
 - Further check with “optimal” pure I coil phasing for ELMs & EF correction worth pursuing
- Does $n=1$ on JET act through rotation change?
- **DIII-D proof of principal $n=2$ complete suppression is a new world first, and needs to be explored further...***

**apologies for 'usual' hard sell line!*

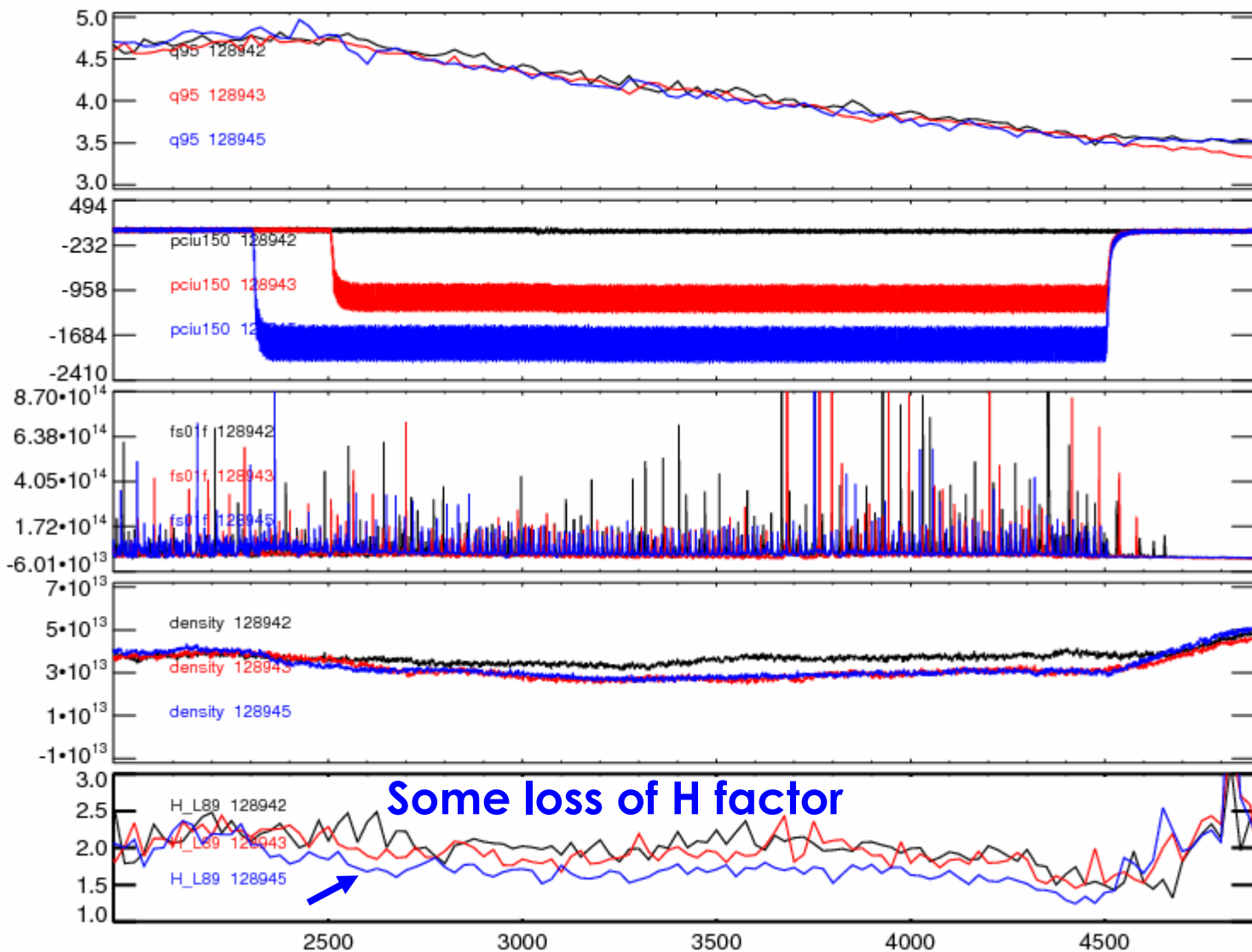




First comparison pair shows an effect

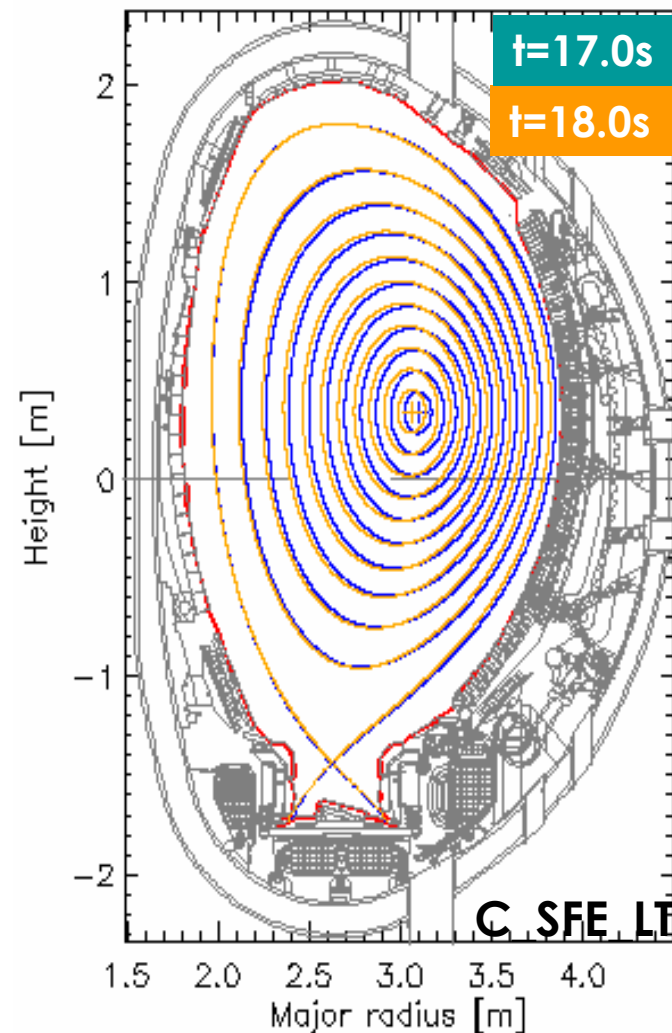
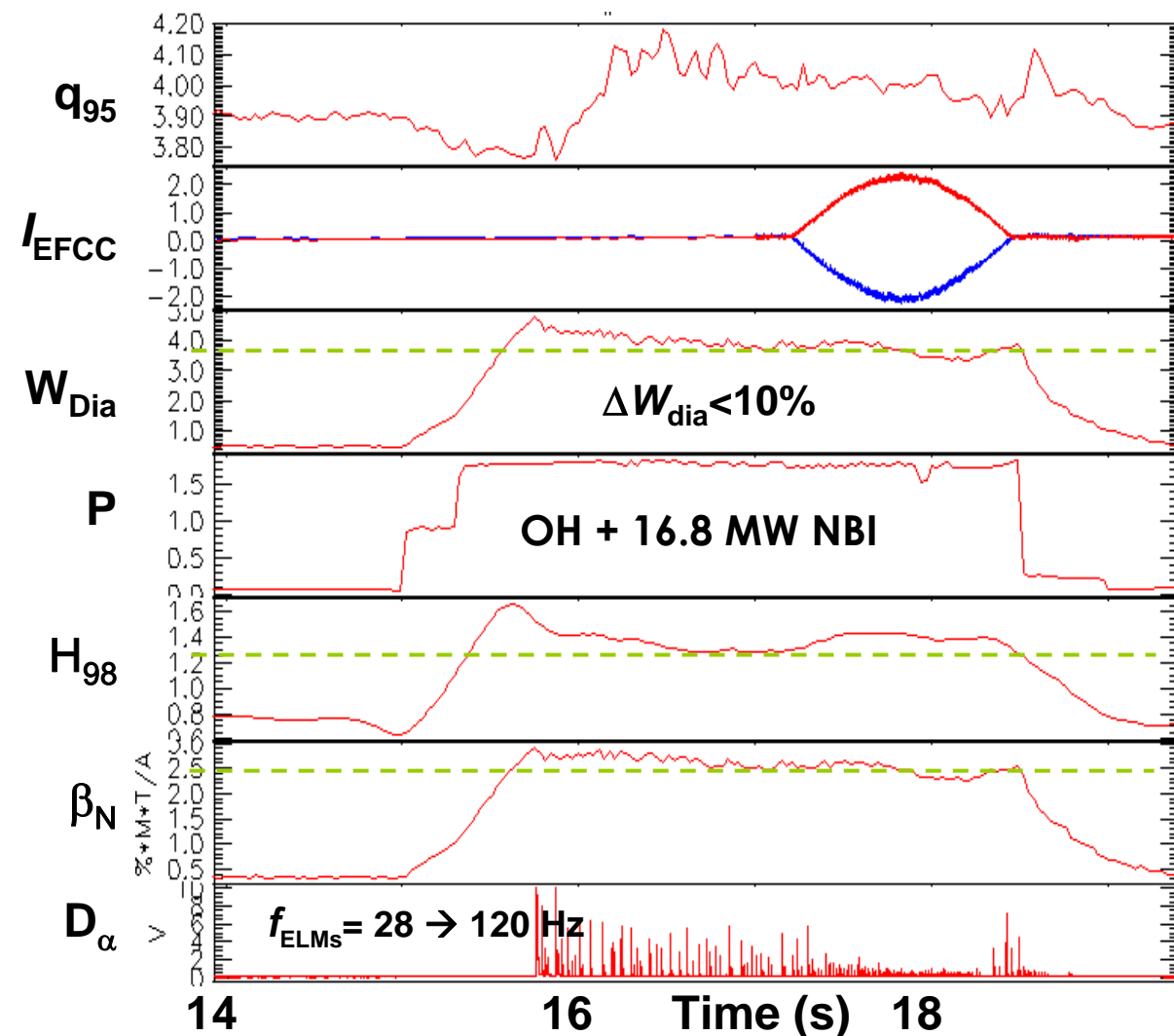


Larger fields progressively more effect

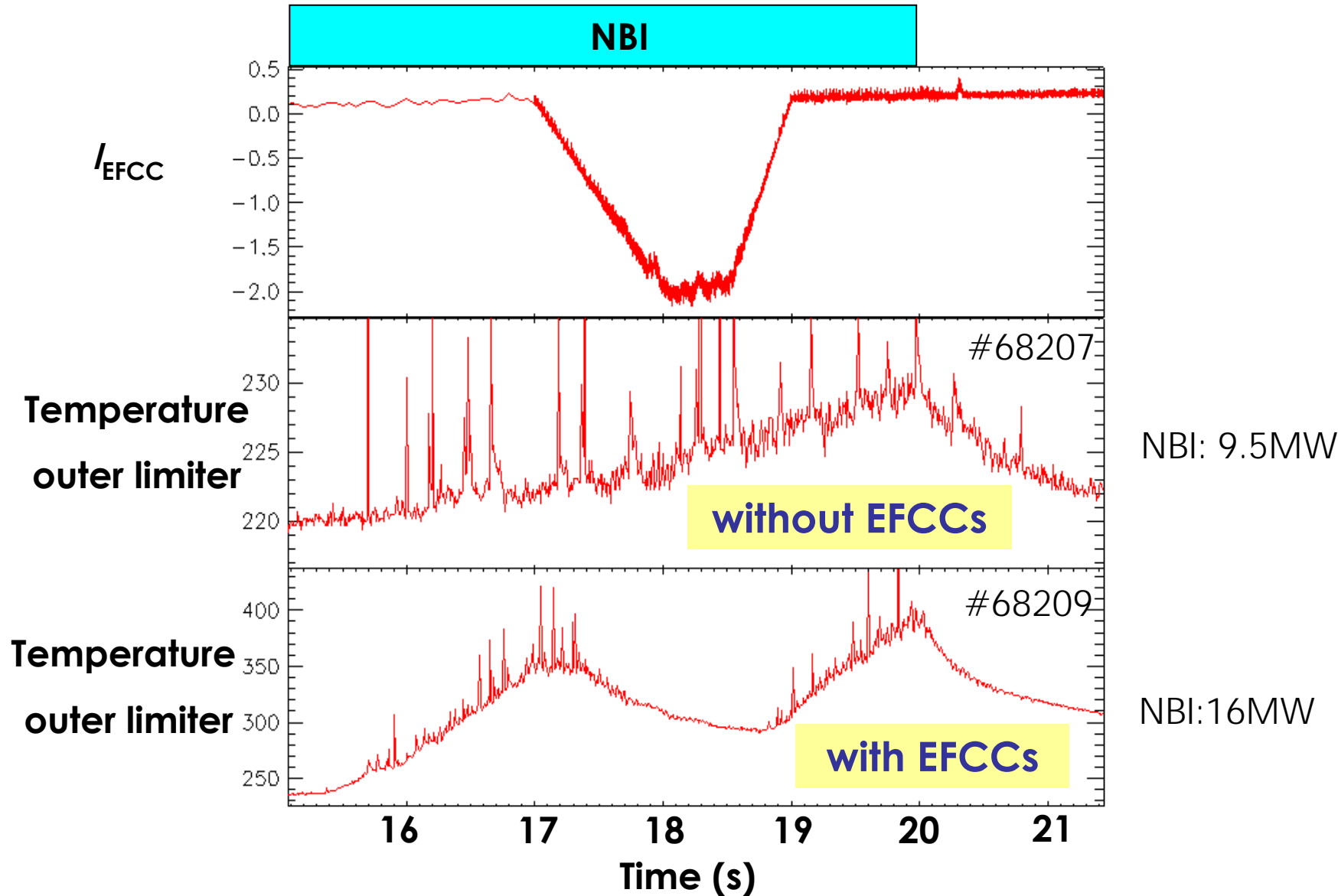


First tests of n=1 in low shape configuration

#67954; $I_p = 1.6$ MA; $B_t = 1.84$ T; $q_{95} \sim 4.0$; $\delta \sim 0.3$

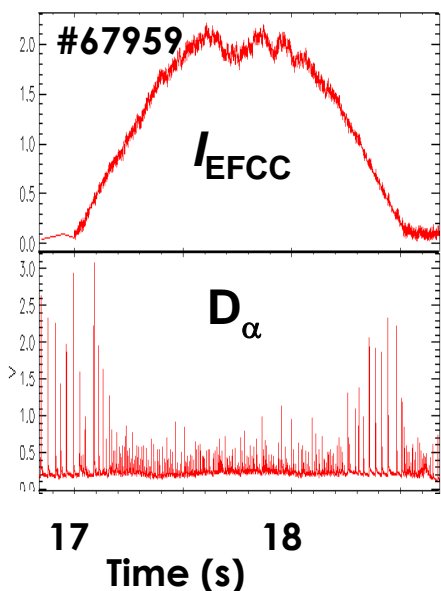


Reduced limiter heat loading

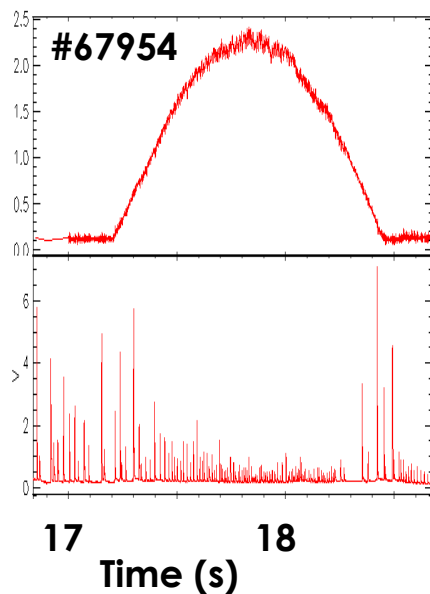


$B_t=1.84$ T; Plasma configuration: C_SFE_LT

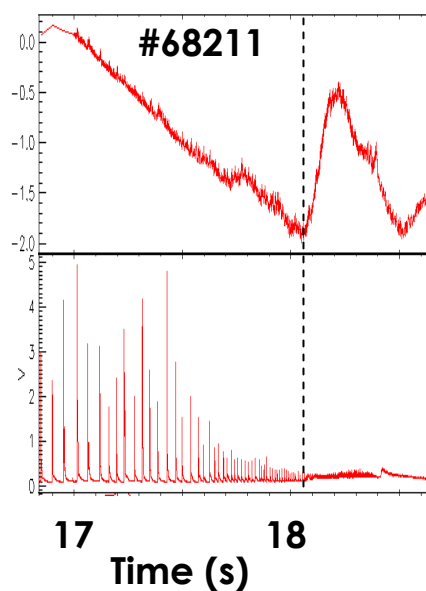
$I_p=1.4$ MA
 $q_{95}=4.8$



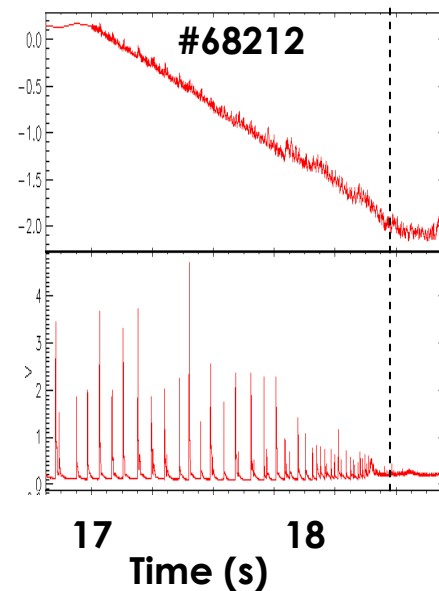
$I_p=1.6$ MA
 $q_{95}=4.0$



$I_p=1.8$ MA
 $q_{95}=3.5$

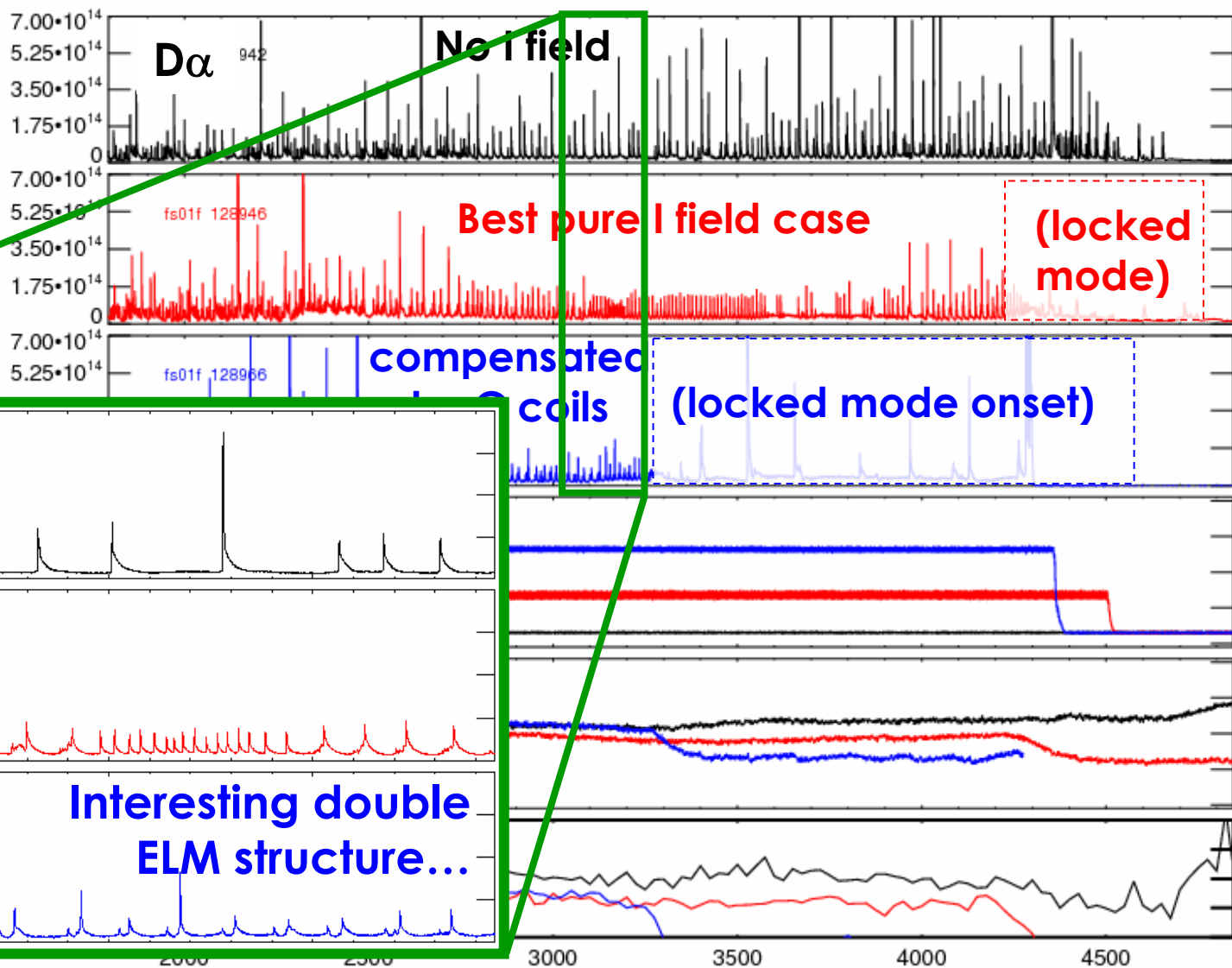


$I_p=2.0$ MA
 $q_{95}=3.0$



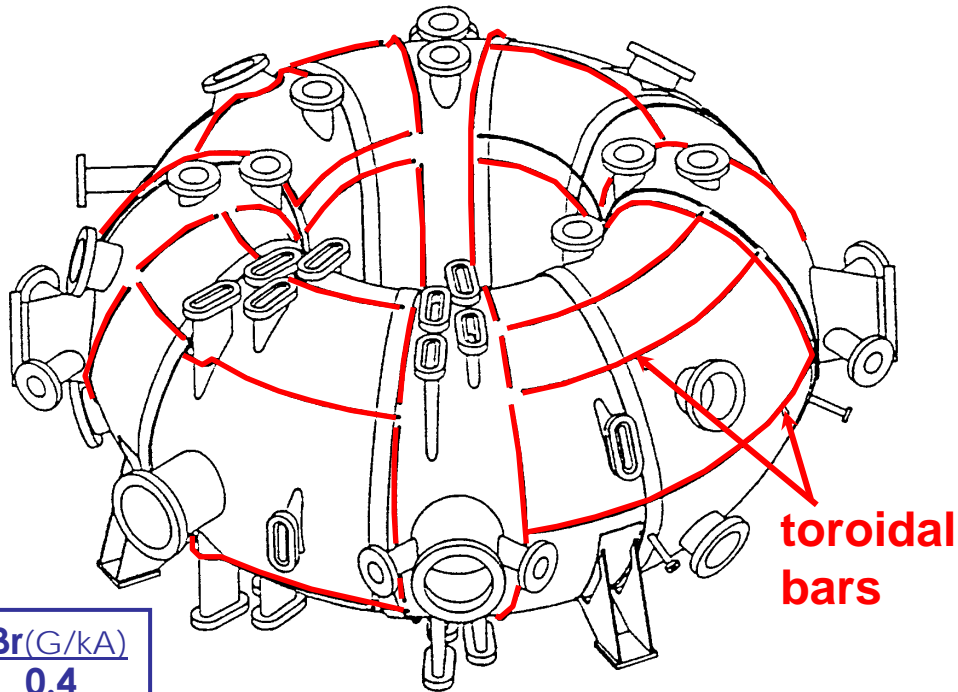
n=1 extended to higher amplitudes by removing core harmonics with C coils

- Increased ELM frequency relative to reference



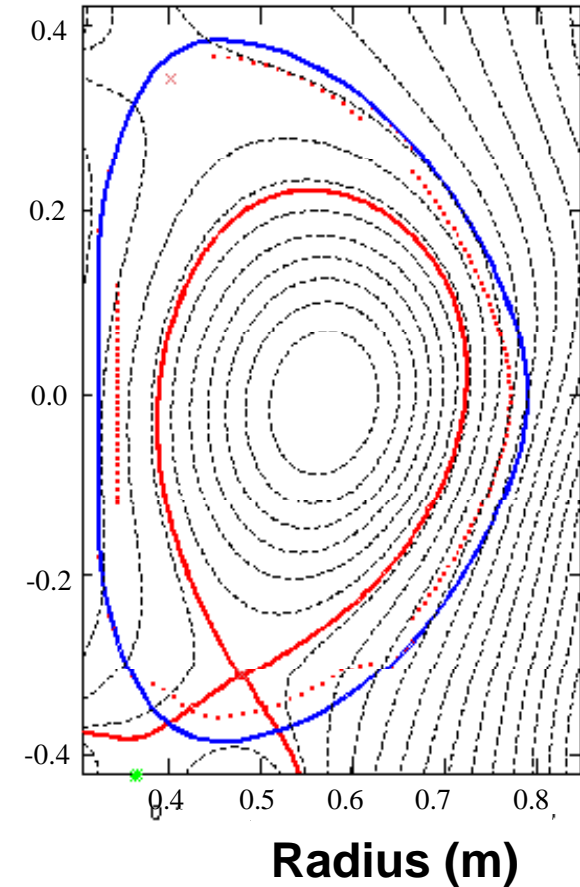
COMPASS-D RMPs configuration

- 2000 configurations possible in each quadrant:



m/n	$Br(G/kA)$
6/1	0.4
5/1	1.0
4/1	1.5
3/1	1.2
2/1	0.2
1/1	1.7

Height (m)

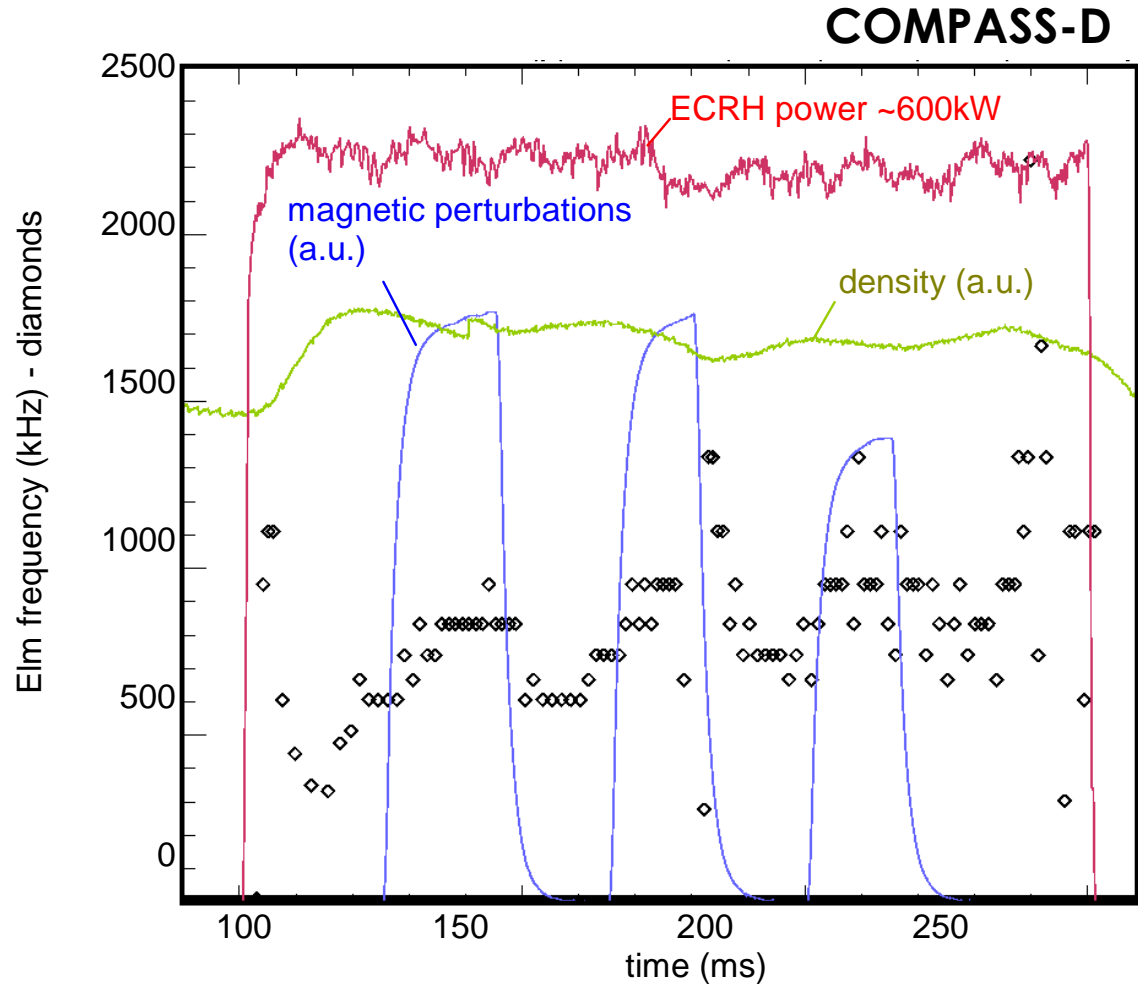


◀ Choose optimal 4/1 & 5/1 at $q=2$ surface



Type III ELM control in COMPASS-D

- No 2/1 island formed
- 10% fall in stored energy with RMP
- Larger fields led to H-L
- Possible evidence for a threshold in required current



Influence in ELM-free H-mode in COMPASS-D

